Chartered Accountants

4th Floor, Office 405 World Mark - 2, Asset No. 8 IGI Airport Hospitality District, Aerocity New Delhi - 110 037, India

Tel: +91 11 6122 9500

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Oravel Stays Private Limited

## Report on the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

## Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone Ind AS financial statements of Oravel Stays Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance sheet as at March 31 2020, the Statement of Profit and Loss, including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone Ind AS financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020, its loss including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the standalone Ind AS Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements.

## **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw attention to Note 45 to the standalone financial statement for the year ended 31 March 2020, which describes the uncertainties due to impact of COVID 19 on future projections, carrying value of tangible assets, intangibles, receivables and financial assets as assessed by the management. The actual results may differ from such estimates depending on future developments.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

## Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director's report, but does not include the standalone Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



Chartered Accountants

In connection with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Responsibility of Management for the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



**Chartered Accountants** 

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also
  responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial
  controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such
  controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit:
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;



Chartered Accountants

- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company with reference to these standalone Ind AS financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2" to this report;
- (g) The provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act are not applicable to the Company for the year ended March 31, 2020;
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone Ind AS financial statements - Refer Note 31 (b) to the standalone Ind AS financial statements;
  - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
  - There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education iii. and Protection Fund by the Company.

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 101049W/E300004

per Yogesh Midha

Partner

Membership Number: 094941 UDIN: 20094941AAAAFK4481 Place of Signature: New Delhi

Date: December 17, 2020

Chartered Accountants

Annexure 1 referred to in paragraph (1) of report on the other legal & regulatory requirement of our report of even date

Re: Oravel Stays Private Limited ('the company')

- i. a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
  - b) All fixed assets have not been physically verified by the management during the year but there is a regular programme of verification which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
  - c) According to the information and explanations given by the management and audit procedures performed by us, there are no immovable properties, included in property, plant and equipment/fixed assets of the company and accordingly, the requirements under paragraph 3(i)(c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- ii. The inventory has been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable. No material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
- iii. According to the information and explanations given to us and audit procedures performed by us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(iii)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are no loans, investments, guarantees, and securities given in respect of which provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act 2013 are applicable and hence not commented upon.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(v) of the Order are not applicable.
- vi. To the best of our knowledge and as explained, the Company is not in the business of sale of any goods. Therefore, in our opinion, the provisions of clause 3(vi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- vii. a) Undisputed statutory dues including income tax, sales tax, value added tax, goods and service tax, cess and other material statutory dues have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities though there has been significant delays in a large number of cases with respect to Provident Fund, Professional Tax and Labour Welfare fund. The provisions relating to duty of custom and duty of excise are not applicable to the Company
  - b) According to the information and explanations given to us and audit procedures performed by us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, service tax, sales-tax, value added tax, goods and service tax, cess and other statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

Chartered Accountants

c) According to the records of the Company, the dues of income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of custom, duty of excise, value added tax and cess on account of any dispute, are as follows

| Name of the | Nature of the |             | Period to which the    | Forum where the dispute |
|-------------|---------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| statute     | dues          | (Rs)        | amount relates         | is pending              |
| Service Tax | Demand        | 543,916,114 | April,16 to<br>July,17 | High Court              |
| Service Tax | Demand        | 20,430,129  | F.Y. 2015-16           | High Court              |
| Income Tax  | Demand        | 33,119,101  | F.Y. 2019-20           | CIT(A)                  |

- viii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowing to a financial institution, bank or government or dues to debenture holders.
- ix. According to the information and explanations given by the management and audit procedures performed by us, the Company has not raised any money way of initial public offer / further public offer / debt instruments and term loans hence, reporting under clause (ix) is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- x. Based upon the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and according to the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud by the company or no material fraud on the company by the officers and employees of the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- xi. According to the information and explanations given by the management, the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act are not applicable to the company and hence reporting under clause 3(xi) are not applicable and hence not commented upon.
- xii. In our opinion, the Company is not a nidhi company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3(xii) of the order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given by the management and audit procedures performed by us, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards. The provisions of sec 177 are not applicable to the company and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xiii) insofar as it relates to section 177 of the Act is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- xiv. According to the information and explanations given by the management and audit procedures performed by us, the Company has complied with provisions of section 42 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of the private placement of shares during the year. According to the information and explanations given by the management, we report that the amounts raised, have been used for the purposes for which the funds were raised.



**Chartered Accountants** 

- According to the information and explanations given by the management and audit procedures XV. performed by us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him as referred to in section 192 of Companies Act, 2013.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of section 45-IA of the xvi. Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 are not applicable to the Company.

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 101049W/ E300004

per Yogesh Midha

Partner

Membership Number: 94941 UDIN: 20094941AAAAFK4481 Place of Signature: Gurgaon

Date: December 17, 2020

Chartered Accountants

# ANNEXURE 2 TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF ORAVEL STAYS PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Oravel Stays Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

## Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements.



Chartered Accountants

## Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting With Reference to these Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting With Reference to these Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 101049W/E300004

per Yogesh Midha

Partner

Membership Number: 094941 UDIN: 20094941AAAAFK4481 Place of Signature: New Delhi Date: December 17, 2020

|  | Notes      | As at<br>31 March 2020 | As at<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42) |
|--|------------|------------------------|---|
| ASSETS   |            |                        |   |
| Non-current assets   |            | 2.42                   | 776.00                                    |
| Property, plant and equipment  | 3          | 2.43                   | 776.83                                    |
| Capital work in progress   | 3          | 23.49                  | 0.03                                      |
| Right of use assets  | 3a         |                        |   |
| Goodwill   | 4          | 306.90                 | 306.90                                    |
| Other intangible assets  | 4          | 402.69                 | 428.84                                    |
| Intangible under development   | 4          | 28.92                  |   |
| Investment in subsidiaries, joint venture and Limited Liability Partnership    | 5          | 83,926.71              | 10,107.51                                 |
| Financial assets   |            |                        |   |
| (i) Investments  | 6A         |                        | 3,236.22                                  |
| (ii) Other financial assets  | 7A         | 5.08                   | 231.73                                    |
|  | 8          | 6.58                   | 151.54                                    |
| Non-current tax assets (net)   | 9A         | 8.13                   | 79.47                                     |
| Other non-current assets   | 36         | 84,710.93              | 15,319.07                                 |
| Total Non-current assets   |            | 84,710.93              | 15,515.07                                 |
| Current assets   |            |                        |   |
| Inventories  | 8A         |                        | 80.77                                     |
| Financial assets   |            |                        |   |
| (i) Investments  | 68         | 15,490.00              | 27,618.14                                 |
| (ii) Trade receivables   | 10         | 362.96                 | 772.01                                    |
| (iii) Cash and cash equivalents  | 11         | 15,333.77              | 108.01                                    |
| (iv) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents                        | 12         | 4,054.79               | 45.71                                     |
|  | 78         | 35,172.08              | 4,482.31                                  |
| (v) Other financial assets   | 98         | 260.80                 | 1,167.03                                  |
| Other current assets   | 30         | 70,674.40              | 34,273.98                                 |
| Total current assets Total assets  |            | 1,55,385.33            | 49,593.05                                 |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES   |            |                        |   |
| Equity   |            |                        |   |
| Equity Share capital   | 13         | 0.27                   | 0.20                                      |
| Other equity   |            |                        |   |
|  | 13         | 11.11                  | 9.67                                      |
| Equity component of convertible preference share capital                       | 14         | 1,67,033.35            | 61,772.18                                 |
| Securities premium   | 14         |                        | (16,036.97                                |
| Retained earning   |            | (5,333.66)             | 0.02                                      |
| Capital redemption reserve   | 14         | 0.02                   |   |
| Other reserve  | 14         | (7,848.84)             | 252.34                                    |
| Total equity   |            | 1,53,862.25            | 45,997.45                                 |
| LIABILITIES  |            |                        |   |
| Non-current liabilities  |            |                        |   |
| Financial liabilities  |            |                        |   |
| (i) Other financial liabilities  | 15A        |                        | 1.18                                      |
| Employee defined benefit obligations   | 16A        | 29.29                  | 76.92                                     |
| Other non-current liabilities  | 19A        |                        | 9.24                                      |
| Total non-current liabilities  | 137.       | 29.29                  | 87.34                                     |
|  |            |                        | De Markin Princip                         |
| Current liabilities Financial liabilities                                      |            |                        |   |
|  | 17A        |                        | 328.26                                    |
| (i) Borrowings   | 17A<br>17B |                        | 328.20                                    |
| (ii) Lease liabilities   | 18         |                        |   |
| (iii) Trade payables   | 18         | 2.22                   | 22.70                                     |
| (a) total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises                      |            | 2.03                   | 32.70                                     |
| (b) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises |            | 676.06                 | 2,146.95                                  |
| (iv) Other financial liabilities   | 15B        | 224.65                 | 290.76                                    |
| Employee defined benefit obligations   | 16B        | 19.42                  | 8.25                                      |
| Other current liabilities  | 19B        | 571.62                 | 701.34                                    |
|  |            | 1,493.78               | 3,508.26                                  |
| Total liabilities  |            | 1,523.08               | 3,595.60                                  |
|  |            | 1,55,385.33            | 49,593.05                                 |
| Total equity and liabilities   |            | 2,33,303.33            | 43,333.03                                 |

STAYS

Gurugram

\*

Summary of significant accounting policies
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the standalone financial statements

As per our report of even date

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP Firm Registration No.: 101049W/E300004

Chartered Accountants

per Yogesh Midha Partner

Membership No 94941

Place: New Delhi

Date: December 17,2020

For and on behalf of the board of directors of Oravel Stays Private Limited

#17an 18

Ritesh Agarwal Director DIN 05192249

Abhishek Gupta

Chief Financial Officer

Place: Gurugram Date: December 17,2020

Aditya Ghosh Director DIN: 01243445

Place: Gurugram Date: December 17,2020

|   | Notes    | For the year ended<br>31 March 2020     | For the year ended<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42) |
|---|----------|---|--|
| Continuing operations   |          |   |  |
| Revenue from contracts with customers   | 20       | 362.96                                  | 35,951.33  |
| Other income  | 21       | 1,568.81                                | 1,539.99   |
| Total income (I)  |          | 1,931.77                                | 37,491.32  |
| EXPENSES  |          |   |  |
| Operating expenses  | 22       | 1 Y 3 Y 3 Y 3 Y 3 Y 3 Y 3 Y 3 Y 3 Y 3 Y | 30,512.00  |
| Employee benefits expense   | 23       | 1,517.72                                | 5,071.08   |
| Finance cost  | 24       | 1.04                                    | 17.83  |
| Depreciation and amortization expense   | 25       | 128.69                                  | 268.48   |
| Other expenses  | 26       | 3,180.40                                | 6,177.41   |
| Total expenses (II)   | _        | 4,827.85                                | 42,046.81  |
| Loss before exceptional items and tax (I-II)  |          | (2,896.08)                              | (4,555.49)   |
| Exceptional items   | 27       | 592.97                                  |  |
|   | 1000     | (3,489.05)                              | (4,555.49)   |
| Income tax expense  |          |   |  |
| Total tax expense   |          |   | · ·  |
| Loss for the year from continuing operation   |          | (3,489.05)                              | (4,555.49)   |
| Loss for the year from discontinued operation   | 42       | (7,399.70)                              |  |
| Loss for the year   | <u> </u> | (10,888.75)                             | (4,555.49)   |
| Other Comprehensive income (loss)   |          |   |  |
| Net other comprehensive income/(expense) not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods |          |   |  |
| Remeasurement of gains / (losses) on defined benefit plans  | 27A _    | 26.85                                   | (9.27)   |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss) for the year, net of tax  |          | 26.85                                   | (9.27)   |
| Total comprehensive loss for the year, net of tax   |          | (10,861.90)                             | (4,564.76)   |
| Loss per equity share from continuing operations (in INR.)  |          |   |  |
| Face value of share Rs. 10 (31 March 2019: INR 10)  |          |   |  |
| Basic loss per share  | 28       | (27,528.32)                             | (39,375.59)  |
| Diluted loss per share  | 28       | (27,528.32)                             | (39,375.59)  |
| Loss per equity share from discontinued operations (in INR.)  |          |   |  |
| Face value of share Rs. 10 (31 March 2019: INR 10)  |          |   |  |
| Basic loss per share  | 28       | (58,383.03)                             |  |
| Diluted loss per share  | 28       | (58,383.03)                             |  |
| Loss per equity share for continuing and discontinued operations (in INR.)                              |          |   |  |
| Basic loss per share  |          | (85,911.36)                             | (39,375.60)  |
| Diluted loss per share  |          | (85,911.36)                             | (39,375.60)  |
| Summary of significant accounting policies  |          |   |  |

Gurugram

\*

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the standalone financial statements

As per our report of even date

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP Firm Registration No.: 101049W/E300004

Chartered Accountants

per Yogesh Midha

Membership No. 94941

Place: New Delhi

Date: December 17,2020

For and on behalf of the board of directors of

Oravel Stays Private Limited

Ritesh Agarwal Director

DIN 05192249

Abhishelr Gupta Chief Financial Officer

Place: Gurugram Date: December 17,2020

Aditya Ghosh Director DIN 01243445

Place. Gurugram Date: December 17,2020

|  | For the year ended<br>31 March 2020 | For the year ended<br>31 March 2019 |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Cash flow from operating activities:   |                                     |                                     |
| Loss before tax  | (10,888.75)                         | (4,555.49                           |
| Adjustment to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows  | 120.50                              | 200.40                              |
| Depreciation and amortization expense  | 128.69                              | 268.48<br>(12.49                    |
| (Profit)/loss on disposal of fixed assets (net)  | (502.04)<br>14.89                   | 83.78                               |
| Provision for expected credit loss   | 191.10                              | 03.70                               |
| Provision for advances   |                                     | (9.27                               |
| Remeasurement of defined benefit plans   | (26.85)                             | (307.59                             |
| Fair value gain of on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss                       | (31.73)                             | (2.54                               |
| Income from corporate guarantee  | (1.18)                              | (3.25                               |
| Interest income on security deposits   | 154.64                              | 100.51                              |
| Employee stock option compensation   | 154.64                              |                                     |
| Income on sale of mutual funds   | (460.84)                            | (437.87                             |
| Interest income  | (469.10)                            | (726.28                             |
| Loss on diminution in value of investments   | 550.00                              |                                     |
| Interest expense   | 0.49                                | 13.92                               |
| Operating loss before working capital changes  | (11,340.68)                         | (5,588.09                           |
| Movements in working capital:  |                                     |                                     |
| (Decrease)/increase in trade payables  | (646.43)                            | 1,320.88                            |
| Increase in other non financial liabilities  | 18.20                               | 437.28                              |
| Increase in provisions   | 33.25                               | 19.03                               |
| (Decrease)/increase in other financial liabilities   | (15.48)                             | 196.56                              |
| (Increase) in other financial assets   | (17,142.06)                         | (3,309.23                           |
| Decrease/(increase) in other non financial assets  | 854.25                              | (1,068.18                           |
| Decrease/(increase) in inventories   | 99.45                               | (61.50                              |
| Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables   | 224.67                              | (628.96                             |
| Cash (used) in operations  | (27,914.83)                         | (8,682.21                           |
| Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)   | 144.95                              | (89.23                              |
| Net cash (used in) operating activities  | (27,769.88)                         | (8,771.44                           |
| Cash flows from investing activities:  |                                     |                                     |
| Purchase of fixed assets (including intangibles) and capital work in progress                          | (439.10)                            | (1,562.93                           |
| Proceeds from sale of fixed assets   | 336.18                              | 21.21                               |
| Purchase of investments  | (55,268.67)                         | (64,436.64                          |
| Sale of investments  | 71,125.60                           | 48,931.08                           |
| Purchase of investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and LLP  | (74,369.19)                         | (8,795.76                           |
| Interest received  | 806.50                              | 416.90                              |
| Investment in fixed deposits (having maturity more than 12 months)                                     | (4.25)                              | 1.06                                |
| Investment in fixed deposit (having maturity more than 3 months)                                       | (4,009.08)                          | 1.11                                |
| Net cash flow (used in) investing activities   | (61,822.01)                         | (25,425.08                          |
| Cash flows from financing activities   |                                     |                                     |
| Proceeds from issuance of preference share capital   | 1.44                                | 1.37                                |
| Proceeds from issuance of equity share capital   | 0.07                                |                                     |
| Proceeds from security premium on issuance of share capital (net of share issue expenses)              | 1,05,261.17                         | 33,907.2                            |
| Interest paid  | (0.49)                              | (13.9)                              |
| Proceed/(repayment) of short-term borrowings   | (284.77)                            | 305.13                              |
| Net cash flow from financing activities  | 1,04,977.42                         | 34,199.8                            |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)  | 15,385.54                           | 3.3                                 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year   | 108.01                              | 104.66                              |
| Transferred to OYO Homes and Hotels Private Limited pursuant to the Scheme of Demerger (refer note 42) | (159.77)                            |                                     |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year   | 15,333.77                           | 108.01                              |
| Components of cash and cash equivalents  |                                     |                                     |
| Cash on hand   | 0.06                                | 2.85                                |
| With banks:  |                                     |                                     |
| on current accounts  | 333.71                              | 105.10                              |
| Deposits with original maturity less than 3 months   | 15,000.00                           |                                     |
|  | 15,333.77                           | 108.0                               |

STAYS

Gurugram

ORA!

Summary of significant accounting policies
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP Firm Registration No.: 101049W/E300004

Chartered Accountants

per Yogesh Midha

VPartner

Membership No. 94941

Place: New Delhi Date: December 17,2020 For and on behalf of the board of directors of Oravel Stays Private Limited

Ritesh Agarwal Director DIN 05192249

Abhishek Gupta Chief Financial Officer

Place: Gurugram Date: December 17,2020

Aditya Ghosh Director DIN 01243445

Place: Gurugram Date: December 17,2020

Standalone statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2020 (Amount in Indian Rupees Millions, unless stated otherwise) Oravel Stays Private Limited CIN: U63090GJ2012PTC107088

Shares issued during the year (refer note - 13(a)). Shares cancelled during the year (refer note - 13(a)). As at 31 March 2020 Shares issued during the year (refer note - 13(a)) As at 31 March 2019 As at 1 April 2018 a. Share capital Particulars

b. Other equity

|  | Fauity component of                               |                    |   | Reserves & Surplus         |                 |                                | Right to subscribe sha       |
|--|---|--------------------|---|----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
|  | convertible preference<br>share capital (Note 13) | Securities premium | Equity settled employee benefit reserve | Capital redemption reserve | Capital reserve | Retained earning including OCI | warrants (Refer note<br>(0)) |
| As at 1 April 2018   | 8.30  | 27,864.89          | 113.56                                  | 0.02                       | ×               | (11,472.21                     | ) 20.                        |
| Loss for the year including other comprehensive income           |   |                    |   |                            | (90)            | (4,564.76)                     |                              |
| Add: Addition on ESOPs granted during the year                   |   |                    | 118.05                                  |                            |                 |                                |                              |
| Add : Shares issued during the year                              | 1.37  |                    |   |                            |                 |                                |                              |
| Add : Addition on issue of preference shares during the year     |   | 34,092.90          | 3                                       |                            | .18             |                                |                              |
| Add : Transferred from equity settled employee benefit reserve   |   |                    | x                                       |                            | 6.12            |                                |                              |
| Less: Share issue expense  |   | (185.61)           | (6.12)                                  |                            | 7               |                                |                              |
| Less: Cumulative preference dividend                             |   |                    | *                                       |                            |                 | (00.0)                         | 0                            |
| As at 31 March 2019  | 29'6  | 61,772.18          | 225.49                                  | 0.02                       | 6.12            | (16,036.97)                    | ) 20.                        |
| Loss for the year including other comprehensive income           |   |                    |   |                            |                 | (10,861.90)                    | )                            |
| Add : Addition on ESOPs granted during the year                  |   |                    | 362.86                                  |                            |                 | *                              |                              |
| Add : Shares issued during the year                              | 1.44  |                    |   |                            | 6               |                                |                              |
| Add: Addition on issue of preference shares during the year      |   | 56,107.60          | 78 1                                    |                            |                 | 2                              |                              |
| Add: Addition on issue of equity shares during the year          |   | 49,428.98          | ,                                       |                            |                 |                                |                              |
| Less: Share issue expense  |   | (275.41)           | (80)                                    |                            |                 |                                |                              |
| Less: Created pursuant to Scheme of demerger (refer note 42)     | *   |                    | *                                       |                            | (8,464.04)      | *                              |                              |
| Less: Transferred pursuant to Scheme of demerger (refer note 42) |   |                    | E.                                      |                            |                 | 21,565.21                      |                              |
| Less: Cumulative preference dividend                             |   |                    | i e                                     |                            | 3               | (00:00)                        | ()                           |
| As at 31 March 2020  | 11.11   | 1,67,033.35        | 588.35                                  | 0.02                       | (8,457.92)      | (5,333.66)                     | ) 20.                        |

(10,861.90) 362.86 1.44 56.107.60 49,428.98 (275.41) (8,464.04) 21,55.21 (0.00)

1.37 34,092.90 6.12 (191.73) (0.00) 45,997.24

16,535.28 (4,564.76) 118.05

Total

Equity share capital

No. of shares 20,833

20,833 13,561 (6,720) 27,674

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the standalone financial statements

As per our report of even date

Firm Registration No.: 101049W/E300004 For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants

Membership No. 94941 per Yogesh Midha

Place: New Delhi Date: December 17,2020

Kyan Bear Abhishek Gupta Chief Financial Officer Ritesh Agarwal Director DIN 05192249 G Gurugram T STAYS POL

Aditya Ghash Director Director For and on behalf of the board of directors of Oravel Stays Private Limited

Herishul Gut

Place: Gurugram Date: December 17, 2020

Place: Gurugram Date: December 17,2026

#### Background

Oravel Stays Private Limited ("the 'Company") is a private limited company domiciled in in India and incorporated under the provisions of Indian Companies Act, with its registered office situated at Ground Floor 001, Mauryash Plaza, Shyamal Cross Road, Near Parekh Hospital, Satellite, Ahmedabad, Gujarat 380015. Company is primarily engaged in operating technology enabled branded network franchise of budget Hotels and distributing them through its online and offline distribution channels.

During the year ended 31 March 2018, the Company entered into composite scheme of arrangement for demerger of India Hotel Business into OYO Hotels and Homes Private Limited (Resulting Company) which has been approved by the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) Ahmedabad Bench on 1 October 2019 (Refer note 42).

Post demerger the Company primarily engaged/act as intellectual property (IP) company responsible for development of technology, brand and house some strategic employees.

#### 1. Basis of preparation

#### A. Statement of compliance

These standalone financial statements ('financial statements') have been prepared to comply in all material respects with the Indian Accounting Standard ('IndAs') as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA') under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act'), read together with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time) and other relevant provisions of the Act and the Composite Scheme of Arrangement approved by NCLT.

The standalone financial statements are approved for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 17 December 2020.

The standalone financial statements are based on the classification provisions contained in Ind AS 1, 'Presentation of Financial statements' and division II of schedule III of the Companies Act 2013. Further, for the purpose of clarity, various items are aggregated in the statement of profit and loss and balance sheet. Nonetheless, these items are dis-aggregated separately in the notes to the standalone financial statements, where applicable or required.

All the amounts included in the standalone financial statements are reported in millions of Indian Rupee (INR) and are rounded to the nearest million, except per share data and unless stated otherwise. Further, due to rounding off, certain amounts are appearing as '0'

The accounting policies, as set out in the following paragraphs of this note, have been consistently applied, by the Company, to all the periods presented in the said standalone financial statements, except in case of adoption of any new standards during the year.

Details of the Company's accounting policies are included in Note 2.

### B. Functional and presentation currency

These separate financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is also the Company's functional currency. All amounts are in INR, unless otherwise indicated.

#### C. Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following items:

| Items   | Measurement basis          |  |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| Financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) – Refer accounting policy regarding financial instrument) | Fair Value/ Amortised cost |  |





| Items                                  | Measurement basis   |
|--|---|
| Net defined benefit (asset)/ liability | Fair value of plan assets less present value of defined benefit obligations |
| Share based payments                   | Fair value  |

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/ or disclosure purposes in these separate financial statements is determined on this basis.

#### D. Use of estimates and judgements

In preparing these special financial statements, management has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Management believes that the estimates used in the preparation of the separate financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

The areas involving critical estimates and judgements are:

- i. Estimation of useful life of property, plant and equipment and intangibles Useful lives of Property, plant and equipment & Intangible Assets (other than the life prescribed under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013) are estimated based on internal technical evaluation, taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating conditions of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes. All these evaluations and assessments involve judgements on part of the management.
- ii. Estimation of defined benefit obligation Employee benefit obligations are measured on the basis of actuarial assumptions which include mortality and withdrawal rates as well as assumptions concerning future developments in discount rates, the rate of salary increases and the inflation rate. The Company considers that the assumptions used to measure its obligations are appropriate and documented. However, any changes in these assumptions may have a material impact on the resulting calculations. Refer note 30 for further disclosures.
- iii. Key estimation relating to fair value measurements When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the discounted cash flow model. The inputs to these models and the discount rates are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Judgments include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.
- iv. Expected credit losses on financial assets: The impairment provision of financial assets are based on assumption about risk of default and expected timing of collections. The Company uses judgement in making these assumption and selecting the inputs to be expected credit loss calculation based on the Company's history of collections, customer creditworthiness, and existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.
- v. Estimation relating to amortisation of launch expense Launch expenses includes expenditure incurred before active operation/launch of new property. Period of amortisation is estimated based on internal technical evaluation, taking into account the nature of expenditure, the recoverability from property





owners and past history of replacement of items required for launch of property. All these evaluations and assessments involve judgements on part of the management.

vi. Estimation in relation to Lease term of contracts with renewal and termination options: Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

Company has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. Company applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain whether or not to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, Company reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate (e.g., construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customisation to the leased asset).

#### E. Measurement of fair values

A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in most advantageous market for the asset of liability

All assets are liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the separate financial statements are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

#### 2. Significant accounting polices

### A. Current/ non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

#### Assets

An asset is classified as current when:

 i. it is expected to be realised in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the Company's normal operating cycle;





- ii. it is expected to be realised within twelve months from the reporting date;
- iii. it is held primarily for the purposes of being traded; or
- iv. it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

All other assets are classified as non-current

#### Liabilities

A liability is classified as current when:

- i. it is expected to be settled in the Company's normal operating cycle;
- ii. it is due to be settled within twelve months from the reporting date;
- iii. it is held primarily for the purposes of being traded; or
- iv. the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months from the reporting date

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

#### Operating cycle

Operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents. Based on the nature of operations and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current vs non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

### B. Foreign currency transactions

In preparing the separate financial statements of Company, transactions in currencies other than the Company's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognized in functional currencies at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI) or profit or loss are also recognized in OCI or profit or loss, respectively).

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognized in statement of profit and loss in the period in which they arise.

#### C. Financial instruments

### i. Recognition and initial measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue.





#### ii. Classification and subsequent measurement

#### Financial assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at

- Amortised cost
- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) debt investment;
- FVOCI equity investment; or
- FVTPL

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows;
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely
  payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in OCI (designated as FVOCI – equity investment). This election is made on an investment by investment basis.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL. This includes all derivative financial assets. On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Financial assets: Subsequent measurement and gains and losses

| Financial assets at FVTPL          | These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in profit or loss.  |  |  |
|------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Financial assets at amortised cost | These assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.                  |  |  |
| Debt investments at FVOCI          | These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income under the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss. |  |  |





| Equity investments at FVOCI | These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in profit or loss unless the dividence clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment |
|-----------------------------|---|
|                             | Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI and are not reclassified to profit or loss.  |

Financial liabilities: Classification, subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held for trading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognised in profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognised in profit or loss.

#### iii. Derecognition

### Financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised on its balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets, the transferred assets are not derecognised.

### Financial liabilities

The Company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire.

The Company also derecognises a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows under the modified terms are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognised at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognised in profit or loss.

## iv. Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### D. Property, plant and equipment

#### i. Recognition and measurement

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Costs directly attributable to acquisition are capitalised until the property, plant and equipment are ready for use.

The cost comprises purchase price, freight, duties, taxes and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price

The Company identifies and determines cost of each component/ part of the asset separately, if the component/ part has a cost which is significant to the total cost of the asset and has useful life that is materially different from that of the remaining asset.





Assets acquired under finance lease are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the useful life of the asset or the useful life envisaged in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, whichever is lower.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of plant, property and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

After the demerger the India Hotel Business fixed assets pertaining to the Hotel Business have been transferred to the books of OYO Hotels and Homes Private Limited (Formerly known as Alcott Town Planners Private Limited) effective from 1 January 2018.

#### ii. Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.

#### iii. Depreciation

Depreciation on plant, property and equipment is calculated on straight-line basis using the rates prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 as it coincide with useful life of assets.

| Asset                           | Useful life   |  |  |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Computers & computer equipments | 3 to 6 years  |  |  |
| Office equipments               | 5 years   |  |  |
| Board and signages              | 2 years   |  |  |
| Furniture and fixtures          | 10 years  |  |  |
| Vehicles                        | 8 years   |  |  |
| Lease hold improvements         | Over the unexpired period of lease or useful lives, whichever is lower. |  |  |

Depreciation method, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted if appropriate. Subsequent to demerger depreciation on property, plant and equipment pertaining to Hotel Business has been transferred to the books of OYO Hotels and Homes Private Limited (Formerly known as Alcott Town Planners Private Limited) effective from 1 January 2018.

#### E. Intangible assets

#### i. Recognition and measurement

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. Such intangible assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses, if any. Software development cost are capitalised, when technical and commercial feasibility of project is demonstrated, future economic benefits are probable, the Company has an intention and ability to complete and use of software. The costs which can be capitalised include costs of material, direct salary costs and overhead costs directly attributable to prepare the assets for intended use.

### ii. Amortisation

Intangible assets are amortized on a straight line basis over the estimated economic useful life of 3 years. The estimated useful life of an identifiable intangible assets is dependent on many factors such as effects of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors.

Amortisation method, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at the end of each financial year and adjusted if appropriate.





Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

Subsequent to demerger the amortisation cost pertaining to Hotel Business has been transferred to the books of OYO Hotels and Homes Private Limited (Formerly known as Alcott Town Planners Private Limited) with effect from 1 January 2018.

#### iii. Research and development costs

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development expenditure incurred on an individual project is recognized as an intangible asset when the company can demonstrate all the following:

- the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale
- its intention to complete the asset
- its ability to use or sell the asset
- how the asset will generate future economic benefits
- the availability of adequate resources to complete the development and to use or sell the asset
- the ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during development.

Following the initial recognition of the development expenditure as an asset, the cost model is applied requiring the asset to be carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. The cost comprises directly attributable cost to development which mainly includes salary cost of employees working on the development of intangible assets.

#### F. Business Combination

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Company, liabilities incurred by the Company to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Company in exchange of control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed.

#### G. Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Company's cash-generating units (or Company's of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.





#### H. Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and estimated net realizable value. Cost is determined on a weighted average basis. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, reduced by the estimated costs of completion and costs to effect the sale.

#### I. Impairment

### i. Impairment of financial instruments

The Company recognises loss allowances for expected credit losses on:

- financial assets measured at amortised cost; and
- financial assets measured at FVOCI- debt investments.

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost and debt securities at FVOCI are credit impaired. A financial asset is 'credit impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Loss allowance for trade receivable with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses (ECL). For all other financial assets expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12 month expected credit losses, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL.

## Presentation of allowance for expected credit losses in the balance sheet

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized as income/ expense in the statement of profit and loss.

#### ii. Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company's non-financial assets, other than inventories and deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) net selling price and its value in use. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining net selling price, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

#### i. Investment in subsidiaries

Investment in subsidiaries are measured at cost less impairment loss.





#### J. Employee benefits

#### i. Short-term employee benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits and they are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service. The Company recognizes the undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for services rendered as a liability (accrued expense) after deducting any amount already paid.

#### ii. Post-employment benefits and other long term employee benefits

Provident Fund: Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The contributions to the provident fund administered by the Central Government under the Provident Fund Act, 1952, are charged to the statement of profit and loss for the year in which the contributions are due. The company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. If the contribution payable to the scheme for service received before the balance sheet date exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficit payable to the scheme is recognized as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the balance sheet date, then excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the pre-payment will lead to a reduction in future payment.

Gratuity: The Company operates a defined benefit gratuity plan in India, which requires contributions to be made to a separately administered fund. The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit method.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Past service costs are recognised in profit or loss on the earlier of:

- the date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and
- the date that the Company recognises related restructuring costs

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The Company recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the consolidated statement of profit and loss:

- service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements; and
- net interest expense or income

### K. Provisions (other than for employee benefits)

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows (representing the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date) at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost. Expected future operating losses are not provided for.

### L. Revenue from contract with customers

Effective April 1, 2018, the Company adopted IND AS 115, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, using the retrospective method.





As per new standard's requirement, revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration that we expect to receive in exchange for those products or services.

Judgment is required in determining whether the Company is the principal or agent in transactions with hotel partners and end-users. The Company evaluates the presentation of revenue on a gross or net basis based on whether it controls the service provided to the end-user and is the principal (i.e. "Gross"), or the Company arranges for other parties to provide the service to the end-user and is an agent (i.e. net").

#### Revenue from sale of accommodation services

Revenue from sale of accommodation services is recognized on gross basis as the Company gains Control on stay services before providing it to customer. Company consider itself as Principal in arrangement as it assumes obligations towards performance of stay services to end customer including the acceptability of the services, takes a significant amount of risk in the service delivery of the room stays and enjoys latitude in establishing price for stay services. Revenue from sale of accommodation services are recognized on basis of used room nights by end customers, on accrual basis to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the Company and it can be reliably measured.

Revenue is recognized net of cancellations, refunds, discounts, incentives and taxes payable by the Company. ECL Impairment losses pertains to uncertainties in collection at the time of recognition of revenue has been netted off from revenue.

Cancellation income related to sale of accommodation services are recognized on cancellation of booking by end customers.

The Company collects indirect taxes on behalf of the government and, therefore, it is not an economic benefit flowing to the Company. Hence, it is excluded from revenue.

#### Value added services

Value-added services include services in the nature of marketing and data analytics and preferential performance listing which results in enhanced traffic to hotel partners. It is recognized on basis of actual performance to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the Company and it can be reliably measured. Expected credit Impairment losses pertains to uncertainties in collection at the time of recognition of revenue has been netted off from revenue.

The Company collects indirect taxes on behalf of the government and, therefore, it is not an economic benefit flowing to the Company. Hence, it is excluded from revenue.

#### Subscription Income

The Company provides wizard membership programs under which participating customers are eligible to earn discounts on qualifying transactions in future bookings. Revenue earned under wizard membership programs is recorded systematically over the period of membership. Invoicing in excess of revenues are classified as contract liabilities (which we refer to as deferred revenue).

#### Trade receivables and contractual balances:

The Company classifies the right to receive consideration in exchange for services as either trade receivable or unbilled revenue. Accommodation revenue in excess of invoicing are classified as contract assets (which we refer to as unbilled revenue).





#### Sale of tours, packages and events:

Income from tours, packages and events are accounted on net basis where the Company is not primary obligor/ not assuming inventory risk for performance of services and hence acting as an agent. In case the Company is primary obligor and assuming inventory risk, acting as a principal in the arrangements income is booked on gross basis.

In case the Company acts as an agent, it recognizes revenue on booking of packages and events. In case, the Company acts as principal, it recognizes revenue on completion of tours, packages or event as it assumes services promised as a single performance obligation.

The Company collects indirect taxes on behalf of the government and, therefore, it is not an economic benefit flowing to the Company. Hence, it is excluded from revenue.

#### Royalty

Royalty income are recognized based on the performance obligation (revenue/contribution) to which royalty has been allocated has been satisfied. In case of group companies in India royalty income is recognized as a percentage of revenue earned and in case of group companies outside India royalty income is recognized as a percentage of net contribution of the respective companies.

#### Interest

Interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension) but does not consider the expected credit losses. Interest income is included in other income in the statement of profit and loss.

#### M. Leases

Ind AS 116 Leases, mandatory for reporting periods beginning on or after April 1, 2019, replaces existing lease requirements under Ind AS 17. This standard is applicable to all contracts existing as on, or entered into, on or after 1 April 2019.

### As a lessee

#### Identifying a lease

At the inception of the contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The company assesses whether:

- The contract involves the use of an identified asset, specified explicitly or implicitly.
- The Company has the right to obtain substantially all the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use, and
- The Company has right to direct the use of the asset.

Lease contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Company allocates payments in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative fair values and applies the lease accounting model only to lease components.

Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.





#### Initial recognition of Right of use asset (ROU)

The Company recognises a ROU asset at the lease commencement date (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). ROU assets are initially measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognized, adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

### Subsequent measurement of Right of use asset (ROU)

ROU assets are subsequently amortized using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of ROU asset or the end of the lease term. If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset. In addition, the right of use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurement of the lease liability. Refer to the accounting policies in section, I (ii), Impairment of non-financial assets.

#### Initial recognition of lease liability

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments to be paid over the lease term. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liabilities comprise of the following:

- Fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate
- Amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- The exercise price under a purchase option, extension option and penalties for early termination only if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise those options.

#### Subsequent measurement of lease liability

Lease liabilities are subsequently increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

## Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### As a lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income from operating lease is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

Leases are classified as finance leases when substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership transfer from the Company to the lessee. Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded





as receivables and finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment outstanding in respect of the lease.

#### N. Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or to an item recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

#### i. Current tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax reflects the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received after considering the uncertainty, if any, related to income taxes. It is measured using tax rates (and tax laws) enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts, and it is intended to realise the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

#### ii. Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is also recognised in respect of carried forward tax losses and tax credits.

Deferred tax is not recognised for:

- temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a
  business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of the
  transaction:
- temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the
  extent that the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it
  is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
- taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Deferred tax assets — unrecognised or recognised, are reviewed at each reporting date and are recognised/ reduced to the extent that it is probable/ no longer probable respectively that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

## O. Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.





#### P. Share-based payments

Employees (including senior executives) of the Company receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments (equity-settled transactions).

#### Equity-settled transactions

The cost of equity-settled transactions is determined by the fair value at the date when the grant is made using an appropriate valuation model.

That cost is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in share-based payment (SBP) reserves in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled in employee benefits expense. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Company's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The statement of profit and loss expense or credit for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period and is recognised in employee benefits expense.

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of the Company's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value. Any other conditions attached to an award, but without an associated service requirement, are considered to be non-vesting conditions. Non-vesting conditions are reflected in the fair value of an award and lead to an immediate expensing of an award unless there are also service and/or performance conditions.

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest because non-market performance and/or service conditions have not been met. Where awards include a market or non-vesting condition, the transactions are treated as vested irrespective of whether the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

When the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, the minimum expense recognised is the expense had the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. An additional expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transaction, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification. Where an award is cancelled by the entity or by the counterparty, any remaining element of the fair value of the award is expensed immediately through profit or loss.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

## Q. Investment in subsidiaries and associates

The Company has elected to recognize its investments in subsidiary at cost in accordance with the option available in Ind AS 27, 'Separate Financial Statements'.

The entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with Ind AS 36 Impairment of Assets as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognized is reduced from the carrying amount of the investment and recognized in the profit or loss. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognized to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases but the increase is restricted to the amounts that would arise had no impairment loss been recognized in previous years.

### R. Discontinued operation

A discontinued operation is a component of the Company's business, the operation and cash flow of which can be clearly distinguished from those of the rest of the Company and which represent a separate major line of business or geographical area of operation and;





- Is a part of single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical are of operations or
- Is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to re-sale

Classification as a discontinued occur upon disposal or when the operation meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale, if earlier.

#### S. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting preference dividends and taxes applicable) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year and equity shares that will be issued upon the conversion of mandatorily convertible instruments. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for events of bonus issue that have changed the number of outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

#### T. Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

#### U. Exceptional items

Exceptional items refer to items of income or expense within the statement of profit and loss from ordinary activities which are non-recurring and are of such size, nature or incidence that their separate disclosure is considered necessary to explain the performance of the company.

#### V. Standards issued but not effective

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") through Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Amendment Rule 2019 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Second Amendment Rule 2019, notifies new standard or amendment to the standards. There is no such new notification which would be applicable from 1 April 2020.





Oravel Stays Private Limited
CIN: U63090G/2012PCIC107088
Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020
(Amount in Indian Rupees Millions, unless stated otherwise)

| E2/96/01/2015   | Leasehold Improvements | Vehicles | Board & Signages | Computers & computer<br>equipments | Office Equipments                | Furniture and fixtures           | Total      | Capital work in<br>progress |
|---|------------------------|----------|------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------|
| Gross carrying amount                                   |                        |          |                  |                                    |                                  |                                  |            |                             |
| At 1 April 2018   | 9.05                   | 3.96     | 59.75            | 121.12                             | 13.54                            | 3.42                             | 210.84     |                             |
| Additions   | 7.45                   |          | 326.59           | 491.25                             | 13.69                            | 3.41                             | 842.39     | 0.03                        |
| Disposals   |                        |          |                  | (37.94)                            |                                  |                                  | (37.94)    |                             |
| At 31 March 2019  | 16.50                  | 3.96     | 386.34           | 574.43                             | 27.23                            | 6.83                             | 1,015.29   | 0.03                        |
| Additions   | 0.58                   |          |                  | THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY           | Part of the Abyte and the Bolton | NAME OF THE PERSON OF THE PERSON | 0.58       | 23.49                       |
| Disposals   |                        |          |                  |                                    |                                  |                                  |            |                             |
| Transfer pursuant to Scheme of demerger (refer note 42) | (16.50)                |          | (386.34)         | (574.43)                           | (27.23)                          | (6.83)                           | (1,011.33) | (0.03)                      |
| At 31 March 2020  | 0.58                   | 3.96     | •                |                                    | *                                |                                  | 4.54       | 23.49                       |
| Accumulated depreciation                                |                        |          |                  |                                    |                                  |                                  |            |                             |
| At 1 April 2018   | 6.44                   | 1.04     | 9.13             | 50.61                              | 4.64                             | 0.38                             | 72.24      |                             |
| Charged for the year                                    | 4.87                   | 0.52     | 97.69            | 87.95                              | 3.95                             | 0.46                             | 195.44     |                             |
| Disposals   |                        |          |                  | (29.22)                            |                                  |                                  | (29.22)    |                             |
| At 31 March 2019  | 11.31                  | 1.56     | 106.82           | 109.34                             | 8.59                             | 0.84                             | 238.46     |                             |
| Charged for the year                                    | 0.02                   | 0.53     |                  |                                    |                                  |                                  | 0.55       |                             |
| Disposals   |                        |          |                  | 180                                |                                  |                                  |            | 100                         |
| Transfer pursuant to Scheme of demerger (refer note 42) | (11.31)                |          | (106.82)         | (109.34)                           | (8.59)                           | (0.84)                           | (236.90)   |                             |
| At 31 March 2020  | 0.02                   | 2.09     |                  |                                    | •                                |                                  | 2.11       |                             |
| Net carrying amount                                     |                        |          |                  |                                    |                                  |                                  |            |                             |
| At 31 March 2019  | 5.19                   | 2.40     | 279.52           | 465.09                             | 18.64                            | 5.99                             | 776.83     | 0.03                        |
| At 31 March 2020  | 0.56                   | 1.87     |                  | •                                  | -                                |                                  | 2.43       | 23.49                       |

| 3a. Right of use assets                                 |            |            |
|---|------------|------------|
|   | Building   | Total      |
| Gross carrying amount                                   |            |            |
| At 1 April 2019   |            |            |
| Reclassified on account of adoption of IndAs 116        | 192.63     | 192.63     |
| Purchase  | 1,783.00   | 1,783.00   |
| Disposals   | •          |            |
| Transfer pursuant to Scheme of demerger (refer note 42) | (1,975.63) | (1,975.63) |
| At 31 March 2020  |            |            |
| Accumulated amortization                                |            |            |
| At 1 April 2019   |            |            |
| Reclassified on account of adoption of IndAs 116        |            | 100        |
| Charged for the year                                    | 637.09     | 637.09     |
| Disposals   |            |            |
| Transfer pursuant to Scheme of demerger (refer note 42) | (637.09)   | (637.09)   |
| At 31 March 2020  |            | •          |
| Net carrying amount                                     |            |            |
| At 31 March 2020  | •          |            |
| At 31 March 2020  |            |            |

\*As at April 01, 2019 the Company adopted and AS 116 and applied the standard to all lease contracts existing on 1 April 2019 using the modified retrospective approach and has taken the cumulative adjustment to right of use of assets, on the date of initial application.

|   | Goodwill*                               | Trade mark    | Brand*                   | Software | Internally generated software#^ | Total    | Intangible under<br>development |
|---|---|---------------|--------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|
| Gross carrying amount                                   |   |               |                          |          |                                 |          |                                 |
| At 1 April 2018   | (5)                                     |               |                          | 91.56    |                                 | 162.33   |                                 |
| Purchase/addition                                       | 306.90                                  | 27.60         | 94.60                    | 32.56    | 258.85                          | 720.51   | ***                             |
| Disposals   | -                                       | 19°           | - 12                     |          |                                 |          |                                 |
| At 31 March 2019  | 306.90                                  | 27.60         | 94.60                    | 124.12   |                                 | 882.84   |                                 |
| Purchase/addition                                       |   | 12.29         | 180                      | 12.12    |                                 | 278.90   | 28.92                           |
| Disposals   | 181                                     | (8)           |                          |          | (197.77)                        | (197.77) | *                               |
| Transfer pursuant to Scheme of demerger (refer note 42) |   |               |                          | (20.67)  |                                 | (20.67)  |                                 |
| At 31 March 2020  | 306.90                                  | 39.89         | 94.60                    | 115.57   | 386.34                          | 943.30   | 28.92                           |
| Accumulated amortization                                |   |               |                          |          |                                 |          |                                 |
| At 1 April 2018   |   |               |                          | 69.44    |                                 | 74.06    |                                 |
| Charged for the year                                    | . Augustus de la 175 filipeta de la     | 3.28          | The second of the second | 21.14    | 48.62                           | 73.04    | from the first section          |
| Disposals   |   |               |                          |          |                                 |          | mer and the                     |
| At 31 March 2019  |   | 3.28          |                          | 90.58    |                                 | 147.10   |                                 |
| Charged for the year                                    | -                                       | 36.61         |                          | 15.02    |                                 | 128.14   |                                 |
| Disposals   | 100000000000000000000000000000000000000 |               |                          |          | (31.91)                         | (31.91)  |                                 |
| Transfer pursuant to Scheme of demerger (refer note 42) |   |               |                          | (9.62)   |                                 | (9.62)   |                                 |
| At 31 March 2020  | -                                       | 39.89         | •                        | 95.98    | 97.84                           | 233.71   |                                 |
| Net carrying amount                                     |   |               |                          |          |                                 |          |                                 |
| At 31 March 2019  | 306.90                                  | 24.32         | 94.60                    | 33.54    | 276.38                          | 735.74   |                                 |
| At 31 March 2020  | 306.90                                  | 1.            | 94.60                    | 19.59    | 288.50                          | 709.59   | 28.92                           |
| Net book value  | 31 March 2020                           | 31 March 2019 |                          |          |                                 |          |                                 |
| Goodwill  | 306.90                                  | 306.90        |                          |          |                                 |          |                                 |
|   | 402.69                                  | 428.84        |                          |          |                                 |          |                                 |
| Other intangible assets<br>Total                        | 709.59                                  | 735.74        |                          |          |                                 |          |                                 |

Acquisition during the previous year\*

During the previous year, pursuant to business transfer agreement with M/s L. Fast Brands Private Limited, the Company had acquired 'Weddings business'. Specific assets were acquired as part of business transfer agreement in INR 401.50 million, there by resulting in Goodwill and Brand of INR 306.50 million and INR 94.60 million respectively.

Impairment of goodwill
For impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to a Cash Generating Unit (CGU) representing the lowest level within the Company at which goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes, and which is not higher than the Company's operating segment. Goodwill is tested for impairment at least annually in accordance with the Company's procedure for determining the recoverable value of each CGU.

The recoverable amount of the CGU is determined on the basis of Fair Value Less Cost Of Disposal (FVLCD), The FVLCD of the CGU is determined based on the market capitalization approach, using the turnover and earnings multiples derived from observable market data.

Based on the above testing, no impairment was identified as on 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2019, as the recoverable amount of CGU exceed the carrying value. An analysis of calculation's sensitivity to a change in the key parameter (turnover and earnings multiples), did not identify any probable scenarios where the CGU's recoverable fall below its carrying amount.

Buring the year the Company has transferred Internally Generated Software to group company (refer note 32).

\*Refer note 38 for further disclosure.





Aggregate value of unquoted investments

 $\label{eq:Aggregate amount of provision for diminution in value of investments \ensuremath{^{**}}$ 

| 5. Investment in subsidiaries, joint venture and Limited Liability Partnerships (LLPs)  |                        |   |
|---|------------------------|---|
|   | As at<br>31 March 2020 | As at<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42) |
| Investments at cost   |                        |   |
| Non-trade, Unquoted investments   |                        |   |
| Investment in equity shares of subsidiaries (fully paid up)   | 4 550 65               | 4   |
| 11,428,572 (31 March 2019: 11,428,572) equity shares @ 1 US\$ each fully paid up in Oravel Stays Singapore Pte Ltd  | 4,550.65               | 4,550.65                                  |
| 186,055 (31 March 2019: 186,055) equity shares of INR 10 each fully paid up in OYO Hotels and Homes Private Limited#  | 2.63                   | 2.63                                      |
| 2,000,000 (31 March 2019: 2,000,000) equity shares @ INR 10 each fully paid up in OYO Financial and Technology Services Private Limited   | 20.00                  | 20.00                                     |
| 161/21 March 2010: 161) aguitu shares @ IND 100 agab fully agaid on in Councille Info Calatina Drive United   |                        |   |
| 161 (31 March 2019: 161) equity shares @ INR 100 each fully paid up in Guerrilla Infra Solutions Private Limited<br>Investment in preference shares of subsidiaries (fully paid up) | 3.24                   | 3.24                                      |
| 5,031,300 (31 March 2019: Nil) equity shares @ 1 US\$ each fully paid up in Oravel Stays Singapore Pte Ltd  | 72,295.38              |   |
| 17,429,578 (31 March 2019: 17,429,578) 0.001% series A compulsory convertible cumulative preference shares @ INR 10 each fully paid   | 247.50                 | 247.50                                    |
| up in OYO Hotels and Homes Private Limited#   | 247.50                 | 247.50                                    |
| 3,333,333 (31 March 2019: 3,333,333) 0.001% series A1 compulsory convertible cumulative preference shares @ INR 10 each fully paid up   | 500.00                 | 500.00                                    |
| in OYO Hotels and Homes Private Limited#  | 500.00                 | 300.00                                    |
| 1,801,801 (31 March 2019: 1,801,801) 0.001% series B compulsory convertible cumulative preference shares @ INR 10 each fully paid up  | 1,000.00               | 1,000.00                                  |
| in OYO Hotels and Homes Private Limited#  |                        |   |
| 8,943 (31 March 2019: 8,244) 0.01% compulsorily convertible preference shares @ INR 100 each fully paid up in Guerrilla Infra Solutions Private Limited                             | 180.30                 | 165.96                                    |
| Investment in equity shares of joint venture (fully paid up)  |                        |   |
| 1,247,500 (31 March 2019: 1,247,500) equity shares @ INR 10 each fully paid up in Mypreferred Transformation and Hospitality Private  |                        |   |
| Limited   | 3,421.99               | 3,421.99                                  |
| 139,993,000 (31 March 2019: Nil) equity shares @ INR 10 each fully paid up in Mountainia Developers and Hospitality Private Limited   | 1,399.93               |   |
|   | 1,355.53               |   |
| Investment in preference shares of joint venture (fully paid up)  |                        |   |
| 15,000 (31 March 2019: Nil) equity shares @ INR 10 each fully paid up in Mountainia Developers and Hospitality Private Limited  | 1.34                   |   |
| Investment in Limited Liability Partnerships (LLPs)   |                        |   |
| Investment in OYO Apartment Investment LLP  | 50.00                  | 50.00                                     |
| Investment in OYO OTH I Investment LLP**  | 310.00                 | 60.00                                     |
| Investment in OYO Midmarket Investment LLP**  | 240.00                 | 40.00                                     |
| Less: Provision for diminution in value of investments  | (550.00)               |   |
|   | 83,672.96              | 10,061.97                                 |
| Deemed investment in subsidiaries*  |                        | Buy Gran                                  |
| OYO Hotels and Homes Private Limited#   | 53.33                  | 27.99                                     |
| OYO Technology & Hospitality FZ LLC   | 4.90                   | 2.63                                      |
| OYO Technology & Hospitality (UK) Limited   | 5.57                   | 3.77                                      |
| Oravel Stays Singapore Pte Ltd.   | 6.66                   | 3.88                                      |
| OYO Technology & Hospitality S.L Spain<br>PT OYO Rooms Indonesia  | 2.22                   | 0.89                                      |
| OYO Oravel Technology Co.   | 4.75                   | 0.24                                      |
| OYO Rooms Hospitality Sdn Bhd   | 0.34<br>1.06           | 0.14                                      |
| OYO Technology & Hospitality Japan KK   | 14.29                  | 0.17<br>4.03                              |
| OYO Hotels Inc#   | 65.63                  | 1.48                                      |
| Oravel Hotels Mexico S. de R.L. de C.V  | 4.74                   | 0.32                                      |
| OYO Hospitality & Information Technology (Shenzhen) Co. Limited   | 30.63                  |   |
| OYO Apartments Investments LLP  | 4.23                   | •   |
| OYO Brasil Hospitalidade E Tecnologia Eireli#   | 2.51                   |   |
| OYO Hotels Germany GmbH   | 0.12                   |   |
| OYO Vacation Homes Rentals LLC Dubai  | 0.10                   |   |
| DYO Rooms and Technology LLC  | 25.13                  |   |
| OYO Hotels Italia S.R.L.  | 0.36                   |   |
| OYO Vacation Homes UK Limited   | 1.94                   | -   |
| OYO Vacation Homes Holding B.V.#<br>OYO Technology & Hospitality Phillipines Inc  | 17.64                  |   |
| OYO Vacation Homes LLC  | 0.02                   |   |
| Oravel Technology and Hospitality Lanka (Pvt) Limited   | 3.09<br>0.09           |   |
| OYO Technology And Hospitality (Thailand) Limited   | 0.09                   |   |
| OYO Hotels Canada Inc   | 1.23                   |   |
| Deemed investment in joint venture*   | 1.23                   |   |
| DYO Mountainia USA Inc.   | 3.11                   |   |
| 선생님, 선생님, 보다 전에 가는 사람들이 되었다. 그는 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들이 되었다. 그런 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은   | 252.75                 | AE EA                                     |





253.75 83,926.71

550.00

84,222.96

45.54

10,107.51

10,061.97

## Oravel Stays Private Limited

CIN: U63090GJ2012PTC107088

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Amount in Indian Rupees Millions, unless stated otherwise)

- \*Deemed investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures represent Employee Stock Option Plan (ESOP) granted to employees of subsidiary and Joint venture companies and corporate guarantee given by Holding Company on behalf of subsidiary companies.
- # During the year ended 31 March 2020, name of below mentioned subsidiaries has been changed which are as follows;
- a. from "Alcott Town Planners Private Limited" to "OYO Hotels and Homes Private Limited"
- b. from "OYO Brazil Servicos De Turismo Ltd" to "OYO Brasil Hospitalidade E Tecnologia Eireli"
- c. from "Leisure Holdings B.V." to "OYO Vacation Homes holding B.V."
- d. from "OYO Hotels LLC" to "OYO Hotels inc USA
- \*\* The recoverable amount of the investments in Limited liability partnership (LLP) has been computed based on value in use calculation of the underlying properties. The value in use calculation is based on discounted cash flow model. As at 31 March 2020, an amount of INR 310 million (31 March 2019: Nil) and INR 240 million (31 March 2019: Nil) has been provided as impairment of investment in OYO OTH I Investment LLP and OYO Midmarket Investment LLP respectively, which is in the business of hospitality operations. The impairment charge arose in LLPs mainly due to impact on occupancy given the current economic conditions due to Covid-19 pandemic. The financial projections basis which the future cash flows have been estimated consider the increase in economic uncertainties due to COVID-19, revisiting the key operating assumptions as well as growth rates factored while arriving at terminal value and subjecting these variables to sensitivity analysis. Also, subsequent to year ended 31 March 2020, the management has decided to liquidate the operations of these LLPs.

6A. Non-current investments

|  | As at<br>31 March 2020   | As at<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42)  |
|--|--|--|
| Un-quoted investments  |  |  |
| Investment in bonds  |  |  |
| Investment at amortized cost   |  |  |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 50) units of 7.50% HDFC Limited                    | 1. To de la Capital de la Capi | 495.96   |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 50) units of 7.60% HDFC Limited                    | 보다 그 사람들이 얼마나 하는 것이 되었다면 바람이 바다 그 것이 없었다.  | 493.11   |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 550) units of 7.80% HDB Financial Services Limited |  | 545.16   |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 1,073) units of Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited |  | 755.44   |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 250) units of 7.77% Bajaj Finance Limited          |  | 248.03   |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 250) units of 9.38% HDB Finance                    | 2  | 250.21   |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 250) units of 7.62% Bajaj Finance Limited          | •  | 248.34   |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 80) units of 8.07% L&T Finance Limited             | <u> </u>   | 199.97   |
| Total  | -  | 3,236.22   |
| Aggregate book value of unquoted investments                           | -  | 3,236.22   |
| Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments                 | rang talah garang kang kang kang kang kang kang kang k   | the state of the s |

(This space has been intentionally left blank)





(Amount in Indian Rupees Millions, unless stated otherwise)

|  | As at<br>31 March 2020   | As at<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42) |
|--|--|---|
| Quoted investments   |  |   |
| Investment at fair value through profit and loss   |  |   |
| Investment in mutual fund  |  |   |
| 544,167 (31 March 2019: 544,167) units of Birla Sun Life Cash Plus - Direct - Growth*            | 172.91   | 162.7                                     |
| 30,104 (31 March 2019: 30,104) units of Birla Sunlife Saving -Growth Direct Plan*                | 12.07  | 11.1                                      |
| 475,296 (31 March 2019: 475,296) units of ICICI Prudential -Flexible Income-Direct Plan- Growth* | 185.54   | 171.6                                     |
| 237,487 (31 March 2019: 869,669) units of Axis-Liquid Fund-Direct Growth                         | 523.50   | 1,803.2                                   |
| 62,520 (31 March 2019: Nil) units of SBI Premier Liquid Fund                                     | 194.38   | ·   |
| 2,821,477 (31 March 2019: Nil) units of ABSL Overnight Fund-Direct-Growth                        | 3,047.90   |   |
| 1,705,496 (31 March 2019: Nil) units of Axis Overnight Fund-Direct-Growth                        | 1,800.18   |   |
| 16,708,112 (31 March 2019: Nil) units of ICICI Overnight Fund-Direct-Growth                      | 1,800.28   | •   |
| 1,155,325 (31 March 2019: Nil) units of L&T Overnight Fund-Direct-Growth                         | 1,800.24   |   |
| 239,189 (31 March 2019: Nil) units of HDFC Overnight Fund-Direct-Growth                          | 710.18   | -   |
| 668,821 (31 March 2019: Nil) units of UTI Overnight Fund-Dir-Growth                              | 1,828.62   | -   |
| 14,463,512 (31 March 2019: Nil) units of Nippon Overnight Fund-Dir-Growth                        | 1,550.30   | -   |
| 553,291 (31 March 2019: Nil) units of SBI Overnight Fund-Dir-Growth                              | 1,800.25   |   |
| 3,160,891 (31 March 2018: 314,438) units of ICICI Prudential Liquid Direct Plan-Growth           | <del>-</del>   | 873.7                                     |
| 15,342,606 (31 March 2018: Nil) units of Birla Sun Life -Liquid Fund-Growth-Direct Plan          |  | 4,609.4                                   |
| 920,759 (31 March 2018: Nil) units of HDFC Liquid Fund -Direct Plan Growth Option                |  | 3,386.8                                   |
| 554,551 (31 March 2018: Nil) units of Reliance Liquid Fund-Treasury Plan-Direct Growth           |  | 2,529.8                                   |
| 1,552,709 (31 March 2018: Nil) units of SBI Liquid Fund Direct Growth                            | 20 15 - 1 10 10 <u>- 1 10 10 - 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 </u>   | 4,547.2                                   |
|  | 15,426.35  | 18,095.8                                  |
| Investment in bonds  |  |   |
| Investment at amortized cost   |  |   |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 500) units of 8.86% Aditya Birla Finance Limited                             |  | 501.1                                     |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 200) units of 8.31% L&T Finance Limited                                      |  | 499.8                                     |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 750) units of 8.02% LIC Housing Finance Limited                              | The second secon | 748.7                                     |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 50) units of 8.38% HDFC Limited  | -  | 499.9                                     |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 250) units of 7.59% LIC Housing Finance Limited                              | 19   | 249.3                                     |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 450) units of 8.72% LIC Housing Finance Limited                              | ¥  | 450.5                                     |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 250) units of 7.65% Bajaj Finance Limited                                    | ¥  | 248.2                                     |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 500) units of 7.80% LIC Housing Finance Limited                              | -  | 495.8                                     |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 300) units of 8.25% Bajaj Finance Limited                                    | -  | 300.6                                     |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 250) units of 9.40% HDFC Limited   | Tay to put to the  | 251.9                                     |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 400) units of 7.38% Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited                             |  | 398.2                                     |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 200) units of 0% Bajaj Finance Limited                                       | 1, 10, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12  | 192.3                                     |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 250) units of 9.58% Bajaj Finance Limited                                    |  | 255.5                                     |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 500) units of 8.40% Bajaj Finance Limited                                    |  | 511.6                                     |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 200) units of 9.35% LIC Housing Finance Limited                              | 교원하는 회사 이 교육 시간 사람이 살아?  | 206.0                                     |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 250) units of 7.90% Bajaj Finance Limited                                    | - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15  | 254.6                                     |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 1,000) units of Tata Capital Limited   | 마리 레이트 Berley Nebel (1977년 1일 2일 1997년   | 498.7                                     |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 250) units of 7.79% HDB Financial Services Limited                           |  | 249.9                                     |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 250) units of 8.63% HDB Financial Services Limited                           |  | 250.2                                     |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 80) units of 8.88% L&T Finance Limited                                       |  | 277.5                                     |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 250) units of 8.75% Bajaj Finance  |  | 249.9                                     |
| Nil (31 March 2019: 100) units of 7.95% Tata Capital Financial Service Limited                   |  | 100.4                                     |
| 73 (31 March 2019: 3,350) units of Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited                            | 63.65  | 1,830.5                                   |
|  | 63.65  | 9,522.2                                   |
| Total  | 15,490.00  | 27,618.1                                  |
| Aggregate book value of quoted investments   | 15,426.35  | 18,095.8                                  |
| Aggregate market value of quoted investments   | 15,426.35  | 18,095.8                                  |
| Aggregate book value of unquoted investments   | 63.65  | 9,522.2                                   |
| Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments   | OLDER DATE OF STATE O |   |

\*Lien of INR 30.30 millions (31 March 2019: INR 28.06 millions) given in favour of SREI Equipment Private Limited for laptops taken on lease, INR 99.41 millions (31 March 2019: INR 91.97 millions) against the bank overdraft limit taken by the subsidiary company from Yes Bank and INR 234.31 millions (31 March 2019: Nil) against the bank guarantee taken from Kotak Bank.





|   | As at  | As at   |
|---|--|---|
|   | 31 March 2020  | 31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42)  |
| Non-current bank balances (refer note 12)   | 5.08   | 0.83  |
| Security deposits   |  |   |
| Unsecured, considered good  |  | 105.31  |
| nterest accrued on bonds  |  | 125.59  |
|   | 5.08   | 231.73  |
| 7B. Other financial assets- Current   |  |   |
|   | As at  | As at   |
|   | 31 March 2020  | 31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42)  |
| Security deposits<br>-Unsecured, considered good  |  | 27.41   |
| onsecured, considered good  | -  | 27.41   |
| Receivables from related parties (refer note 32)  |  |   |
| Unsecured, considered good  | 34,653.51  | 3,397.07  |
| Unsecured, considered doubtful  | 191.10   |   |
| Less: Expected credit loss  | (191.10)<br>34,653.51  | 3,397.07  |
| Other recoverables  | 34,033.32  | 3,337.10.   |
| Unsecured, considered good  | 496.01   | 661.42  |
| -Unsecured, considered doubtful   | 14.89  | 114.68  |
| Less: Expected credit loss  | (14.89)  | (114.68   |
|   | 496.01   | 661.42  |
| Unbilled revenue  |  | 162.04  |
| nterest accrued on bonds  | 8.97   | 233.63  |
| nterest accrued on bank deposits  | 13.59<br>22.56   | 0.74<br><b>396.41</b>   |
|   | 22.30  |   |
| Total   |  |   |
| Total   | 35,172.08  |   |
| Total  8. Non current tax assets (net)  | 35,172.08  |   |
|   |  | 4,482.31<br>As at<br>31 March 2019  |
|   | 35,172.08<br>As at   | 4,482.31<br>As at   |
| B. Non current tax assets (net)   | 35,172.08  As at 31 March 2020  6.58   | 4,482.31  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)   |
| 8. Non current tax assets (net)  Advance income tax   | 35,172.08  As at 31 March 2020   | 4,482.31  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)   |
| B. Non current tax assets (net)  Advance income tax  Total  | 35,172.08  As at 31 March 2020  6.58   | 4,482.31  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)   |
| 8. Non current tax assets (net)  Advance income tax  Total  | 35,172.08  As at 31 March 2020  6.58  6.58   | 4,482.31  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  151.54  As at  |
|   | 35,172.08  As at 31 March 2020  6.58  6.58   | As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  151.54  As at 31 March 2019  |
| 8. Non current tax assets (net)  Advance income tax  Total  8A. Inventories   | 35,172.08  As at 31 March 2020  6.58  6.58   | As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  151.54  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  |
| 8. Non current tax assets (net)  Advance income tax  Total  8A. Inventories   | 35,172.08  As at 31 March 2020  6.58  6.58   | As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  151.54  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  80.77  |
| B. Non current tax assets (net)  Advance income tax  Total  BA. Inventories   | 35,172.08  As at 31 March 2020  6.58  6.58   | As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  151.54  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  80.77   |
| 8. Non current tax assets (net)  Advance income tax  Total  | As at 31 March 2020  6.58  6.58  As at 31 March 2020   | As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  151.54  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  80.77   |
| 8. Non current tax assets (net)  Advance income tax  Total  BA. Inventories  Hotel consumables (at lower of cost or net realizable value)   | As at 31 March 2020  6.58  6.58  As at 31 March 2020   | As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  151.54  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  80.77  As at  |
| 8. Non current tax assets (net)  Advance income tax  Total  BA. Inventories  Hotel consumables (at lower of cost or net realizable value)   | As at 31 March 2020  6.58  6.58  As at 31 March 2020   | As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  151.54  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  80.77   |
| Advance income tax Total  BA. Inventories  Hotel consumables (at lower of cost or net realizable value)  9A. Other non current assets   | As at 31 March 2020   | As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  151.54  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  80.77  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)               |
| Advance income tax  Total  BA. Inventories  Hotel consumables (at lower of cost or net realizable value)  9A. Other non current assets  | As at 31 March 2020  6.58  6.58  As at 31 March 2020  As at 31 March 2020  | As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  151.54  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  80.77  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  79.47        |
| Advance income tax  Fotal  BA. Inventories  Hotel consumables (at lower of cost or net realizable value)  PA. Other non current assets  Prepaid expenses  | As at 31 March 2020                                  | As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  151.54  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  80.77  80.77  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  79.47                                      |
| 8. Non current tax assets (net)  Advance income tax Total  BA. Inventories  Hotel consumables (at lower of cost or net realizable value)  9A. Other non current assets  Prepaid expenses  | As at 31 March 2020  6.58 6.58  As at 31 March 2020  As at 31 March 2020  As at 31 March 2020  8.13 8.13                                 | As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  151.54  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  80.77  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  79.47  79.47                                      |
| Advance income tax Total  BA. Inventories  Hotel consumables (at lower of cost or net realizable value)  9A. Other non current assets   | As at 31 March 2020                                  | As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  151.54  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  80.77  80.77  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  79.47  79.47  As at 31 March 2019          |
| Advance income tax Total  BA. Inventories  Hotel consumables (at lower of cost or net realizable value)  9A. Other non current assets  Prepaid expenses  9B. Other current assets   | As at 31 March 2020             | As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  151.54  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  80.77  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  79.47  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)        |
| 8. Non current tax assets (net)  Advance income tax Total  8A. Inventories  Hotel consumables (at lower of cost or net realizable value)  9A. Other non current assets  Prepaid expenses  9B. Other current assets  -Unsecured and considered good Prepaid expenses | As at 31 March 2020  8.13  8.13  As at 31 March 2020 | As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  151.54  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  80.77  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  79.47  79.47  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42) |
| 8. Non current tax assets (net)  Advance income tax  Total  8A. Inventories  Hotel consumables (at lower of cost or net realizable value)   | As at 31 March 2020             | As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  151.54  151.54  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  80.77  80.77  As at 31 March 2019 (refer note 42)  79.47  79.47  As at 31 March 2019  |

<sup>\*</sup>includes deposit paid under protest amounting to INR 110 million (31 March 2019: Nil)





|   | As at<br>31 March 2020 | As at<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42) |
|---|------------------------|---|
| Trade receivables   | 362.96                 | 772.01                                    |
| Trade receivables   | 362.96                 | 772.01                                    |
| Break up for security details                                   |                        | E1-76-62                                  |
| Trade receivable  |                        |   |
| Considered good - secured                                       |                        |   |
| Considered good - unsecured                                     | 362.96                 | 772.01                                    |
| Trade receivable which have significant increase in credit risk |                        | 87.05                                     |
| Trade receivable credit impaired                                |                        |   |
|   | 362.96                 | 859.06                                    |
| Provision for impairment (allowance for bad and doubtful debt)  |                        |   |
| Trade receivable which have significant increase in credit risk |                        | (87.05                                    |
|   |                        | (87.05                                    |
|   | 362.96                 | 772.01                                    |

No trade or other receivable are due from directors or other officers of the company either severally or jointly with any other person. Nor any trade or other receivable are due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member.

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 30 to 60 days.

#### 11. Cash and cash equivalents

| As at<br>31 March 2020 | As at<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42)    |
|------------------------|--|
| 0.06                   | 2.85   |
|                        |  |
| 333.71                 | 105.16                                       |
| 15,000.00              |  |
| 15,333.77              | 108.01                                       |
|                        | 31 March 2020<br>0.06<br>333.71<br>15,000.00 |

Fixed deposits are made for short term ranging from one day to three months, depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Company, and earn interest at the rate fixed at the time of deposit. These deposit can be withdrawn by the Company at any time without prior notice and penalty on the principal.

For the purpose of cash flow statement cash and cash equivalents comprise the following

|  | As at<br>31 March 2020 | As at<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42) |
|--|------------------------|---|
| Cash on hand   | 0.06                   | 2.85                                      |
| Balances with banks - in current accounts            | 333.71                 | 105.16                                    |
| - Deposits with original maturity less than 3 months | 15,000.00              | -   |
|  | 15,333.77              | 108.01                                    |

|   | As at<br>31 March 2020 | As at<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42) |
|---|------------------------|---|
| Deposits with original maturity more than 3 months to less than 12 months*  | 4,054.79               | 45.71                                     |
| Deposits with remaining maturity more than 12 months                        | 5.08                   | 0.83                                      |
| Total   | 4,059.87               | 46.54                                     |
| Less: amount disclosed under non - current financial assets (refer note 7A) | (5.08)                 | (0.83)                                    |
|   | 4,054.79               | 45.71                                     |

<sup>\*</sup>Lien of INR 48.82 million (31 March 2019: INR 45.71 million) for bank guarantee given in favour of SREI Equipment Finance Limited and SBI credit cards.

(This space has been intentionally left blank)





<sup>\*</sup>Lien of INR 0.13 million (31 March 2019: INR 0.83 million) for bank guarantee given in favour of Government authorities.

|   | As at<br>31 March 2020                  | As at<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42) |
|---|---|---|
| Authorised capital  |   |   |
| Equity shares<br>40,000 (31 March 2019: 40,000) equity shares of INR 10 each  | 0.40                                    | 0.4                                       |
| 10,000 (32 March 2023: 10,000) Equity States of Him 20 Education  | 0.40                                    | 0.4                                       |
| Preference shares   |   |   |
| 10,000 (31 March 2019: 10,000) 0.01% Series A compulsorily convertible preference shares of INR 10 each   | 0.10                                    | 0.1                                       |
| 11,500 (31 March 2019: 11,500) 0.01% Series A1 compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each  | 1.15                                    | 1.1                                       |
| 10,500 (31 March 2019: 10,500) 0.01% Series B compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each   | 1.05                                    | 1.0                                       |
| 17,000 (31 March 2019: 17,000) 0.01% Series C compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each   | 1.70                                    | 1.7                                       |
| 10,500 (31 March 2019: 10,500) 0.01% Series C1 compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each  | 1.05                                    | 1.0                                       |
| 32,300 (31 March 2019: 32,300) 0.01% Series D compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each   | 3.23                                    | 3.2                                       |
| 1.300 (31 March 2019: 1,300) 0.01% Series D1 compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each  | 0.13                                    | 0.1                                       |
| 13,700 (31 March 2019: 13,700) 0.01% Series E compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each   | 1.37                                    | 1.3                                       |
| 15,400 (31 March 2019: Nil) 0.01% Series F compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each  | 1.54                                    |   |
| ssued, subscribed and fully paid-up   | 11.32                                   | 9.7                                       |
| Equity shares   |   |   |
| 27,674 (31 March 2019: 20,833) equity shares of INR 10 each   | 0.27<br>0.27                            | 0.2<br>0.2                                |
| Total issued, subscribed and fully paid equity share capital  |   |   |
| Equity component of convertible preference shares<br>8,016 (31 March 2019: 8,016) 0.01% Series A compulsorily convertible preference shares of INR 10 each  | 0.08                                    | 0.0                                       |
| 11,173 (31 March 2019: 1,173) 0.01% Series A compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each  | 1.12                                    | 1.1                                       |
| 11,173 (31 March 2019: 11,173) 0.01% Series AL compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each  | 1.02                                    | 1.0                                       |
| 10,225 (31 March 2019: 10,225) 0.01% Series B compulsorily convertible cumulative preference snares of INR 100 each 16,669 (31 March 2019: 16,669) 0.01% Series C compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each | 1.02                                    | 1.6                                       |
|   | 1.05                                    | 1.0                                       |
| 10,460 (31 March 2019: 10,460 ) 0.01% Series C1 compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each   | 3.23                                    | 3.2                                       |
| 32,279 (31 March 2019: 32,279) 0.01% Series D compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each   | 0.13                                    | 0.1                                       |
| 1,291 (31 March 2019: 1,291) 0.01% Series D1 compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each  |   |   |
| 13,700 (31 March 2019: 13,700) 0.01% Series E compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each   | 1.37                                    | 1.3                                       |
| 14,375 (31 March 2019: Nil) 0.01% Series F compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each  | 1.44<br>11.11                           | 9.6                                       |
| Total issued, subscribed and fully paid compulsorily convertible cumulative preference share capital  |   | 5.0                                       |
| a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year   |   |   |
| Equity shares   | No. of shares                           | Amour                                     |
| At 1 April 2018   | 20,833                                  | 0.2                                       |
| Issued during the year ·  | 20,833                                  | 0.2                                       |
| At 31 March 2019  | 13,561                                  | 0.1                                       |
| Issued during the year<br>Cancelled during the year (refer note 43)   | (6,720)                                 | (0.0                                      |
| At 31 March 2020  | 27,674                                  | 0.2                                       |
| Preference shares   |   |   |
| Series A compulsorily convertible preference shares of INR 10 each (CCPS)   |   | States to the                             |
| At 1 April 2018   | No. of shares<br>8,016                  | Amoui<br>0.0                              |
| Issued during the year  | • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | ning real of the second                   |
| At 31 March 2019  | 8,016                                   | 0.0                                       |
| Issued during the year<br>At 31 March 2020  | 8,016                                   | 0.0                                       |
|   |   |   |
| Series A1 compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each (CCCPS)   |   |   |
| At 1 April 2018   | No. of shares<br>11,173                 | Amour<br>1.1                              |
| Issued during the year  |   | 1.1                                       |
| At 31 March 2019<br>Issued during the year  | 11,173                                  | <u>.</u>                                  |
| At 31 March 2020  | 11,173                                  | 1.1                                       |
| Series B compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each (CCCPS)  |   |   |
|   | No. of shares                           | Amour                                     |
| At 1 April 2018   | 10,225                                  | 1.0                                       |
| ssued during the year<br>At 31 March 2019   | 10,225                                  | 1.0                                       |
| ssued during the year   | =                                       |   |
| At 31 March 2020  | 10,225                                  | 1.  |
|   |   |   |
| Series C compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each (CCCPS)  |   | Amou                                      |
|   | No. of shares                           |   |
| At 1 April 2018   | No. of shares<br>16,669                 | 1.  |
| Series C compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each (CCCPS)  At 1 April 2018 Issued during the year  | 16,669                                  | 1.  |
| At 1 April 2018   |   |   |





|  | No. of shares | Amoun  |
|--|---------------|--------|
| At 1 April 2018  | 10,460        | 1.05   |
| ssued during the year  |               |        |
| \$t 31 March 2019  | 10,460        | 1.0    |
| ssued during the year  |               |        |
| 44 31 March 2020   | 10,460        | 1.0    |
| a SI Mulai 2220  |               | main : |
| Series D compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each (CCCPS)   |               |        |
|  | No. of shares | Amoun  |
| 4t 1 April 2018  | 32,279        | 3.23   |
| ssued during the year  |               | -      |
| At 31 March 2019   | 32,279        | 3.23   |
| ssued during the year  |               |        |
| At 31 March 2020   | 32,279        | 3.23   |
| 1.52 114141 2020   |               |        |
| Series D1 compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each (CCCPS)  |               |        |
| terres of comparison y contenting annual process and the second s | No. of shares | Amoun  |
| At 1 April 2018  | 1,291         | 0.1    |
| ssued during the year  |               |        |
| 4t 31 March 2019   | 1,291         | 0.13   |
| issued during the year   |               |        |
| At 31 March 2020   | 1,291         | 0.1    |
|  |               |        |
| Series E compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each (CCCPS)   |               |        |
|  | No. of shares | Amoun  |
| at 1 April 2018  |               | ¥      |
| ssued during the year  | 13,700        | 1.3    |
| At 1 April 2019  | 13,700        | 1.3    |
| ssued during the year  |               |        |
| At 31 March 2019   | 13,700        | 1.3    |
| Series F compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each (CCCPS)   |               |        |
|  | No. of shares | Amoun  |
| At 1 April 2018  | N.            | •      |
| ssued during the year  | 19            | -      |
| At 1 April 2019  |               | -      |
| ssued during the year  | 14,375        | 1.4    |
| At 31 March 2019   | 14,375        | 1.4    |





Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Amount in Indian Rupees Millions, unless stated otherwise)

### b) Terms/rights attached to equity shares

(i) During the financial year 2019-20, the Company issued 13,169 equity shares of INR 10 each fully paid-up at a premium of INR 3,753,434.31 per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

(ii) The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of INR 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share and equal rights in distribution of profit/surplus in proportionate to the equity share held by shareholder. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

### c) Terms/rights attached to Series A compulsorily convertible preference shares (CCPS)

(i) During the financial year 2013-14, the Company issued 8,016 Series A CCPS, of INR 10 each fully paid-up at a premium of INR 4,980.02 per share. CCPS carry non-cumulative dividend @ 0.01% p.a. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The preferential dividend is non-cumulative and shall due only when declared.

(ii) Each holder of CCPS are entitled to convert the CCPS into equity shares on a 1:1 basis at any time at the option of the holder of the CCPS or subject to the compliance of applicable laws, each CCPS automatically be converted into equity share, upon the earlier of (a) one day prior to the expiry of 20 years from the closing date or (b) in connection with an IPO, prior to the filing of a prospectus (or equivalent document by whatever name called) by the Company to the competent authority or such later date as may be permitted under applicable laws. The Series A CCPS shall be converted into equity shares at the conversion price which shall be initial subscription price of Series A CCPS and subject to the adjustment from time to time as provided herein. Subject to the applicable laws, the CCPS holder shall be entitled to receive notice of and vote on all matters that are submitted to the vote of the shareholders of the Company (including the equity shares). Each CCPS shall entitle the holder to the number of votes equal to the number of whole or fractional equity shares into which such CCPS could then be converted.

(iii) In the event of the liquidation of the Company, total proceeds from the such liquidation, shall be distributed prior to and in preference to any other shareholder the higher of following amount (a) liquidation proceeds pro rata to their respective equity securities liquidated (upon conversion) or (b) an amount equal to the amount paid by the respective investors for subscription of their respective equity securities (on an as-if-converted basis) liquidated pursuant to a liquidation event plus any arrear of declared and accrued/due dividend in respect of such equity securities.

If the amount available for distribution to the shareholders are in-sufficient to pay the amount as stated above, the entire available proceed would be allocated and distributed among the shareholder in proportion to the amount entitled to each such shareholder.

### d) Terms/rights attached to Series A1 compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares (CCCPS)

(i) During the financial year 2014-15, the Company issued 11,173 Series A1 CCCPS, of INR 100 each fully paid-up at a premium of INR 33,886.03 per share. CCCPS carry cumulative dividend @ 0.01% p.a. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The preferential dividend is cumulative and shall accrue from year to year whether or not paid, and accrued Dividends shall be paid in full (together with dividends accrued from prior years) prior and in preference to any dividend or distribution payable upon shares of any other class or series in same fiscal year.

(ii) Each holder of CCCPS are entitled to convert the CCCPS into equity shares on a 1:1 basis at any time at the option of the holder of the CCCPS or subject to the compliance of applicable laws, each CCCPS automatically be converted into equity share, upon the earlier of (a) one day prior to the expiry of 20 years from the closing date or (b) in connection with an IPO, prior to the filing of a prospectus (or equivalent document by whatever name called) by the Company to the competent authority or such later date as may be permitted under applicable laws. The Series A1 CCCPS shall be converted into equity shares at the conversion price which shall be initial subscription price of Series A1 CCCPS and subject to the adjustment from time to time as provided herein. Subject to the applicable laws, the CCCPS holder shall be entitled to receive notice of and vote on all matters that are submitted to the vote of the shareholders of the Company (including the equity shares). Each CCCPS shall entitle the holder to the number of votes equal to the number of whole or fractional equity shares into which such CCCPS could then be converted.

(iii) In the event of the liquidation of the Company, total proceeds from the such liquidation, shall be distributed prior to and in preference to any other shareholder the higher of following amount (a) liquidation proceeds pro rata to their respective equity securities liquidated (upon conversion) or (b) an amount equal to the amount paid by the respective investors for subscription of their respective equity securities (on an as-if-converted basis) liquidated pursuant to a liquidation event plus any arrear of declared and accrued/due dividend in respect of such equity securities.

If the amount available for distribution to the shareholders are in-sufficient to pay the amount as stated above, the entire available proceed would be allocated and distributed among the shareholder in proportion to the amount entitled to each such shareholder.

### e) Terms/rights attached to Series B compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares (CCCPS)

(i) During the financial year 2015-16, the Company issued 10,225 Series B CCCPS, of INR 100 each fully paid-up at a premium of INR 109,520.12 per share. CCCPS carry cumulative dividend @ 0.01% p.a. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The preferential dividend is cumulative and shall accrue from year to year whether or not paid, and accrued Dividends shall be paid in full (together with dividends accrued from prior years) prior and in preference to any dividend or distribution payable upon shares of any other class or series in same fiscal year.

(ii) Each holder of CCCPS are entitled to convert the CCCPS into equity shares on a 1:1 basis at any time at the option of the holder of the CCCPS or subject to the compliance of applicable laws, each CCCPS automatically be converted into equity share, upon the earlier of (a) one day prior to the expiry of 20 years from the closing date or (b) in connection with an IPO, prior to the filing of a prospectus (or equivalent document by whatever name called) by the Company to the competent authority or such later date as may be permitted under applicable laws. The Series B CCCPS shall be converted into equity shares at the conversion price which shall be initial subscription price of Series B CCCPS and subject to the adjustment from time to time as provided herein. Subject to the applicable laws, the CCCPS holder shall be entitled to receive notice of and vote on all matters that are submitted to the vote of the shareholders of the Company (including the equity shares). Each CCCPS shall entitle the holder to the number of votes equal to the number of whole or fractional equity shares into which such CCCPS could then be converted.





Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Amount in Indian Rupees Millions, unless stated otherwise)

(iii) In the event of the liquidation of the Company, total proceeds from the such liquidation, shall be distributed prior to and in preference to any other shareholder the higher of following amount (a) liquidation proceeds pro rata to their respective equity securities liquidated (upon conversion) or (b) an amount equal to the amount paid by the respective investors for subscription of their respective equity securities (on an as-if-converted basis) liquidated pursuant to a liquidation event plus any arrear of declared and accrued/due dividend in respect of such equity securities.

#### f) Terms/rights attached to Series C compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares (CCCPS)

(i) During the financial year 2015-16, the Company issued 16,669 Series C CCCPS, of INR 100 each fully paid-up at a premium of INR 380,618 per share. CCCPS carry cumulative dividend @ 0.01% p.a. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The preferential dividend is cumulative and shall accrue from year to year whether or not paid, and accrued Dividends shall be paid in full (together with dividends accrued from prior years) prior and in preference to any dividend or distribution payable upon shares of any other class or series in same fiscal year.

(ii) Each holder of CCCPS are entitled to convert the CCCPS into equity shares on a 1:1 basis at any time at the option of the holder of the CCCPS or subject to the compliance of applicable laws, each CCCPS automatically be converted into equity share, upon the earlier of (a) one day prior to the expiry of 20 years from the closing date or (b) in connection with an IPO, prior to the filing of a prospectus (or equivalent document by whatever name called) by the Company to the competent authority or such later date as may be permitted under applicable laws. The Series C CCCPS shall be converted into equity shares at the conversion price which shall be initial subscription price of Series C CCCPS and subject to the adjustment from time to time as provided herein. Subject to the applicable laws, the CCCPS holder shall be entitled to receive notice of and vote on all matters that are submitted to the vote of the shareholders of the Company (including the equity shares). Each CCCPS shall entitle the holder to the number of votes equal to the number of whole or fractional equity shares into which such CCCPS could then be converted.

(iii) In the event of the liquidation of the Company, total proceeds from the such liquidation, shall be distributed prior to and in preference to any other shareholder the higher of following amount (a) liquidation proceeds pro rata to their respective equity securities liquidated (upon conversion) or (b) an amount equal to the amount paid by the respective investors for subscription of their respective equity securities (on an as-if-converted basis) liquidated pursuant to a liquidation event plus any arrear of declared and accrued/due dividend in respect of such equity securities.

If the amount available for distribution to the shareholders are in-sufficient to pay the amount as stated above, the entire available proceed would be allocated and distributed among the shareholder in proportion to the amount entitled to each such shareholder.

### g) Terms/rights attached to Series C1 compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares (CCCPS)

(i) During the financial year 2016-17, the Company issued 10,460 Series C1 CCCPS, of INR 100 each fully paid-up at a premium of INR 394,787.97 per share. CCCPS carry cumulative dividend @ 0.01% p.a. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The preferential dividend is cumulative and shall accrue from year to year whether or not paid, and accrued Dividends shall be paid in full (together with dividends accrued from prior years) prior and in preference to any dividend or distribution payable upon shares of any other class or series in same fiscal year.

(ii) Each holder of CCCPS are entitled to convert the CCCPS into equity shares on a 1:1 basis at any time at the option of the holder of the CCCPS or subject to the compliance of applicable laws, each CCCPS automatically be converted into equity share, upon the earlier of (a) one day prior to the expiry of 20 years from the closing date or (b) in connection with an IPO, prior to the filling of a prospectus (or equivalent document by whatever name called) by the Company to the competent authority or such later date as may be permitted under applicable laws. The Series C1 CCCPS shall be converted into equity shares at the conversion price which shall be initial subscription price of Series C1 CCCPS and subject to the adjustment from time to time as provided herein. Subject to the applicable laws, the CCCPS holder shall be entitled to receive notice of and vote on all matters that are submitted to the vote of the shareholders of the Company (including the equity shares). Each CCCPS shall entitle the holder to the number of votes equal to the number of whole or fractional equity shares into which such CCCPS could then be converted.

(iii) In the event of the liquidation of the Company, total proceeds from the such liquidation, shall be distributed prior to and in preference to any other shareholder the higher of following amount (a) liquidation proceeds pro rata to their respective equity securities liquidated (upon conversion) or (b) an amount equal to the amount paid by the respective investors for subscription of their respective equity securities (on an as-if-converted basis) liquidated pursuant to a liquidation event plus any arrear of declared and accrued/due dividend in respect of such equity securities.

If the amount available for distribution to the shareholders are in-sufficient to pay the amount as stated above, the entire available proceed would be allocated and distributed among the shareholder in proportion to the amount entitled to each such shareholder.

### h) Terms/rights attached to Series D compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares (CCCPS)

(i) During the financial year 2017-18, the Company issued 31,633 and 646 Series D CCCPS, of INR 100 each fully paid-up at a premium of INR 495,660.93 and INR 504,000 per share respectively. CCCPS carry cumulative dividend @ 0.01% p.a. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The preferential dividend is cumulative and shall accrue from year to year whether or not paid, and accrued Dividends shall be paid in full (together with dividends accrued from prior years) prior and in preference to any dividend or distribution payable upon shares of any other class or series in same fiscal year.

(ii) Each holder of CCCPS are entitled to convert the CCCPS into equity shares on a 1:1 basis at any time at the option of the holder of the CCCPS or subject to the compliance of applicable laws, each CCCPS automatically be converted into equity share, upon the earlier of (a) one day prior to the expiry of 20 years from the closing date or (b) in connection with an IPO, prior to the filing of a prospectus (or equivalent document by whatever name called) by the Company to the competent authority or such later date as may be permitted under applicable laws. The Series D CCCPS shall be converted into equity shares at the conversion price which shall be initial subscription price of Series D CCCPS and subject to the adjustment from time to time as provided herein. Subject to the applicable laws, the CCCPS holder shall be entitled to receive notice of and vote on all matters that are submitted to the vote of the shareholders of the Company (including the equity shares). Each CCCPS shall entitle the holder to the number of votes equal to the number of whole or fractional equity shares into which such CCCPS could then be converted.





Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Amount in Indian Rupees Millions, unless stated otherwise)

(iii) In the event of the liquidation of the Company, total proceeds from the such liquidation, shall be distributed prior to and in preference to any other shareholder the higher of following amount (a) liquidation proceeds pro rata to their respective equity securities liquidated (upon conversion) or (b) an amount equal to the amount paid by the respective investors for subscription of their respective equity securities (on an as-if-converted basis) liquidated pursuant to a liquidation event plus any arrear of declared and accrued/due dividend in respect of such equity securities.

If the amount available for distribution to the shareholders are in-sufficient to pay the amount as stated above, the entire available proceed would be allocated and distributed among the shareholder in proportion to the amount entitled to each such shareholder.

### i) Terms/rights attached to Series D1 compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares (CCCPS)

(i) During the financial year 2017-18, the Company issued 1,291 Series D1 CCCPS, of INR 100 each fully paid-up at a premium of INR 501,270 per share. CCCPS carry cumulative dividend @ 0.01% p.a. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The preferential dividend is cumulative and shall accrue from year to year whether or not paid, and accrued Dividends shall be paid in full (together with dividends accrued from prior years) prior and in preference to any dividend or distribution payable upon shares of any other class or series in same fiscal year.

(ii) Each holder of CCCPS are entitled to convert the CCCPS into equity shares on a 1:1 basis at any time at the option of the holder of the CCCPS or subject to the compliance of applicable laws, each CCCPS automatically be converted into equity share, upon the earlier of (a) one day prior to the expiry of 20 years from the closing date or (b) in connection with an IPO, prior to the filing of a prospectus (or equivalent document by whatever name called) by the Company to the competent authority or such later date as may be permitted under applicable laws. The Series D1 CCCPS shall be converted into equity shares at the conversion price which shall be initial subscription price of Series D1 CCCPS and subject to the adjustment from time to time as provided herein. Subject to the applicable laws, the CCCPS holder shall be entitled to receive notice of and vote on all matters that are submitted to the vote of the shareholders of the Company (including the equity shares). Each CCCPS shall entitle the holder to the number of votes equal to the number of whole or fractional equity shares into which such CCCPS could then be converted.

(iii) In the event of the liquidation of the Company, total proceeds from the such liquidation, shall be distributed prior to and in preference to any other shareholder the higher of following amount (a) liquidation proceeds pro rata to their respective equity securities liquidated (upon conversion) or (b) an amount equal to the amount paid by the respective investors for subscription of their respective equity securities (on an as-if-converted basis) liquidated pursuant to a liquidation event plus any arrear of declared and accrued/due dividend in respect of such equity securities.

If the amount available for distribution to the shareholders are in-sufficient to pay the amount as stated above, the entire available proceed would be allocated and distributed among the shareholder in proportion to the amount entitled to each such shareholder.

# j) Terms/rights attached to Series E compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares (CCCPS)

(i) During the financial year 2018-19, the Company issued 5769, 2884, 2884 and 2163 Series E CCCPS, of INR 100 each fully paid-up at a premium of INR 2,511,276.50, INR 2,540,573.29, INR 2,468,458.11 and INR 2,385,248.29 per share respectively. The fair value of per share was fixed at USD 34,670.76 and the allotment was made at different dates resulting in different exchange rate. CCCPS carry cumulative dividend @ 0.01% p.a. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The preferential dividend is cumulative and shall accrue from year to year whether or not paid, and accrued Dividends shall be paid in full (together with dividends accrued from prior years) prior and in preference to any dividend or distribution payable upon shares of any other class or series in same fiscal year.

(ii) Each holder of CCCPS are entitled to convert the CCCPS into equity shares on a 1:1 basis at any time at the option of the holder of the CCCPS or subject to the compliance of applicable laws, each CCCPS automatically be converted into equity share, upon the earlier of (a) one day prior to the expiry of 20 years from the closing date or (b) in connection with an IPO, prior to the filing of a prospectus (or equivalent document by whatever name called) by the Company to the competent authority or such later date as may be permitted under applicable laws. The Series E CCCPS shall be converted into equity shares at the conversion price which shall be initial subscription price of Series E CCCPS and subject to the adjustment from time to time as provided herein. Subject to the applicable laws, the CCCPS holder shall be entitled to receive notice of and vote on all matters that are submitted to the vote of the shareholders of the Company (including the equity shares). Each CCCPS shall entitle the holder to the number of votes equal to the number of whole or fractional equity shares into which such CCCPS could then be converted.

(iii) In the event of the liquidation of the Company, total proceeds from the such liquidation, shall be distributed prior to and in preference to any other shareholder the higher of following amount (a) liquidation proceeds pro rata to their respective equity securities liquidated (upon conversion) or (b) an amount equal to the amount paid by the respective investors for subscription of their respective equity securities (on an as-if-converted basis) liquidated pursuant to a liquidation event plus any arrear of declared and accrued/due dividend in respect of such equity securities.

If the amount available for distribution to the shareholders are in-sufficient to pay the amount as stated above, the entire available proceed would be allocated and distributed among the shareholder in proportion to the amount entitled to each such shareholder.





Oravel Stays Private Limited
CIN: U63090GJ2012PTC107088
Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020
(Amount in Indian Rupees Millions, unless stated otherwise)

# k) Terms/rights attached to Series F compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares (CCCPS)

(i) During the financial year 2019-20, the Company issued 14,375 Series F CCCPS, of INR 100 each fully paid-up at a premium of INR 3,903,136.81 per share respectively. CCCPS carry cumulative dividend @ 0.01% p.a. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The preferential dividend is cumulative and shall accrue from year to year whether or not paid, and accrued Dividends shall be paid in full (together with dividends accrued from prior years) prior and in preference to any dividend or distribution payable upon shares of any other class or series in same fiscal year.

(ii) Each holder of CCCPS are entitled to convert the CCCPS into equity shares on a 1:1 basis at any time at the option of the holder of the CCCPS or subject to the compliance of applicable laws, each CCCPS automatically be converted into equity share, upon the earlier of (a) one day prior to the expiry of 20 years from the closing date or (b) in connection with an IPO, prior to the filing of a prospectus (or equivalent document by whatever name called) by the Company to the competent authority or such later date as may be permitted under applicable laws. The Series F CCCPS shall be converted into equity shares at the conversion price which shall be initial subscription price of Series E CCCPS and subject to the adjustment from time to time as provided herein. Subject to the applicable laws, the CCCPS holder shall be entitled to receive notice of and vote on all matters that are submitted to the vote of the shareholders of the Company (including the equity shares). Each CCCPS shall entitle the holder to the number of votes equal to the number of whole or fractional equity shares into which such CCCPS could then be converted.

(iii) In the event of the liquidation of the Company, total proceeds from the such liquidation, shall be distributed prior to and in preference to any other shareholder the higher of following amount (a) liquidation proceeds pro rata to their respective equity securities liquidated (upon conversion) or (b) an amount equal to the amount paid by the respective investors for subscription of their respective equity securities (on an as-if-converted basis) liquidated pursuant to a liquidation event plus any arrear of declared and accrued/due dividend in respect of such equity securities.

If the amount available for distribution to the shareholders are in-sufficient to pay the amount as stated above, the entire available proceed would be allocated and distributed among the shareholder in proportion to the amount entitled to each such shareholder.





### I) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

| -  |      | 1000 |      |
|----|------|------|------|
| Ec | LIIT | / sh | ares |

| Name of shareholders             | As at 31 Ma  | rch 2020  | As at 31 March 2019 |           |  |
|----------------------------------|--------------|-----------|---------------------|-----------|--|
|                                  | No of shares | % holding | No of shares        | % holding |  |
| Ritesh Agarwal                   | 11,758       | 42.49%    | 11,758              | 56.44%    |  |
| Oravel Employee Welfare Trust    | 392          | 1.42%     | 6,720               | 32.26%    |  |
| RA Hospitality Holdings (Cayman) | 14,081       | 50.88%    |                     |           |  |

Series A compulsorily convertible preference shares of INR 10 each fully paid up (CCPS)

| Name of shareholders                       | As at 31 Ma  | As at 31 March 2020 |              |           |
|--|--------------|---------------------|--------------|-----------|
|  | No of shares | % holding           | No of shares | % holding |
| Lightspeed Venture Partners IX (Mauritius) |              |                     | 6,413        | 80.00%    |
| SVF India Holding (Cayman) Limited         | 1,603        | 20.00%              | 1,603        | 20.00%    |
| RA Hospitality Holdings (Cayman)           | 6,413        | 80.00%              |              |           |

Series A1 compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each fully paid up (CCCPS)

| PARTITION OF THE PARTIT | As at 31 March 2020 |           | As at 31 March 2019 |           |
|--|---------------------|-----------|---------------------|-----------|
| ame of shareholders  | No of shares        | % holding | No of shares        | % holding |
| Sequoia Capital India Investments IV   | 1,858               | 16.63%    | 7,578               | 67.82%    |
| Lightspeed Venture Partners IX (Mauritius)   | 694                 | 6.21%     | 2,878               | 25.76%    |
| RA Hospitality Holdings (Cayman)   | 7,904               | 70.74%    |                     | 1.54      |
| SVF India Holding (Cayman) Limited   | 717                 | 6.42%     | 717                 | 6.42%     |

Series B compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each fully paid up (CCCPS)

| leave of above heldere                     | As at 31 Ma  | As at 31 March 2020 |              | rch 2019  |
|--|--------------|---------------------|--------------|-----------|
| Name of shareholders                       | No of shares | % holding           | No of shares | % holding |
| Lightspeed Venture Partners IX (Mauritius) | 2,834        | 27.72%              | 2,834        | 27.72%    |
| Seguoia Capital India Investments IV       | 2,100        | 20.54%              | 2,100        | 20.54%    |
| SVF India Holding (Cayman) Limited         | 4,921        | 48.13%              | 4,921        | 48.13%    |

Series C compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each fully paid up (CCCPS)

| Name of shareholders                         | As at 31 Ma  | As at 31 March 2020 |              | rch 2019  |
|--|--------------|---------------------|--------------|-----------|
|  | No of shares | % holding           | No of shares | % holding |
| Seguoia Capital India Investments IV         | 533          | 2.78%               | 2,173        | 13.04%    |
| Lightspeed Venture Partners Select Mauritius | 464          | 3.20%               | 2,086        | 12.51%    |
| SVF India Holding (Cayman) Limited           | 11,416       | 68.47%              | 11,416       | 68.47%    |
| RA Hospitality Holdings (Cayman)             | 3,789        | 22.73%              | -            | =         |

Series C1 compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each fully paid up (CCCPS)

| Name of shareholders               | As at 31 Ma  | As at 31 March 2020 As at 31 Marc |              |           |
|------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|-----------|
|                                    | No of shares | % holding                         | No of shares | % holding |
| SVF India Holding (Cayman) Limited | 10,460       | 100.00%                           | 10,460       | 100.00%   |

Series D compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each fully paid up (CCCPS)

| Name of shareholders                | As at 31 Ma  | rch 2020  | As at 31 March 2019 |           |  |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|-----------|---------------------|-----------|--|
|                                     | No of shares | % holding | No of shares        | % holding |  |
| SVF India Holdings (Cayman) Limited | 29,050       | 90.00%    | 29,050              | 90.00%    |  |

Series D1 compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each fully paid up (CCCPS)

| Name of the Dallace                 | As at 31 March 2020 As at 31 March 2019 |           |              | rch 2019  |
|-------------------------------------|---|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| Name of shareholders                | No of shares                            | % holding | No of shares | % holding |
| China Lodging Holdings (HK) Limited | 1,291                                   | 100.00%   | 1,291        | 100.00%   |





Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Amount in Indian Rupees Millions, unless stated otherwise)

Series E compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each fully paid up (CCCPS)

| News of the selection               | As at 31 March 2020 |           | As at 31 March 2019 |           |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------------|-----------|
| Name of shareholders                | No of shares        | % holding | No of shares        | % holding |
| SVF India Holdings (Cayman) Limited | 5,769               | 42.11%    | 5,769               | 42.11%    |
| A1 Holdings Inc                     | 2,884               | 21.05%    | 2,884               | 21.05%    |
| Airbnb Inc                          | 2,163               | 15.79%    | 2,163               | 15.79%    |
| Star Virtue Investment Limited      | 2,884               | 21.05%    | 2,884               | 21.05%    |

Series F compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each fully paid up (CCCPS)

| Name of shareholders                | As at 31 Ma  | As at 31 March 2020 |              |                    |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Name or snareholders                | No of shares | % holding           | No of shares | % holding          |
| SVF India Holdings (Cayman) Limited | 9,626        | 66.96%              | -            | - 18 KH 18 F       |
| RA Hospitality Holdings (Cayman)    | 4,749        | 33.04%              | •            | 사는 보기를 받는 <u>*</u> |

As per records of the company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents legal ownerships of shares.

(m) Aggregate number of shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date Equity shares bought back by the Company by utilizing securities premium during the year Nil (31 March 2019: Nil)

During the year 2016-17, the Board of Directors of the Company in their meeting held on 14 June 2016 approved a proposal to buyback 1,863 Equity Shares of the Company, at a price not exceeding INR 320,926.55 per equity share (referred to "Maximum Buyback Price") from shareholders of the Company in accordance with the provisions contained in the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder. The Company obtained the approval of the shareholders for the buyback process on 25 June 2016 and the buyback process was completed on 30 June 2016.

#### (n) Shares reserved for issue under options

For details of shares reserved for issue under the employee stock option (ESOP) plan of the company, please refer note 33.

(o) During the year 2016-17, Innoven Capital India Private Limited has given loans to a subsidiary company amounting to INR 550 million. As per terms of borrowings, Innoven Capital India Private Limited has right to subscribe such number of Series C2 compulsory convertible cumulative preference shares of the Company that amounts to INR 3.60 million to be issued by the Company at subscription price of INR 394,887.97 per share. The right to subscribe is exercisable in whole or in part at any time and from time to time on or before the expiration date of 8 years from the date of respective loan tranches.





Balance at the end of year

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Amount in Indian Rupees Millions, unless stated otherwise)

| 14. Other equity  | March 1990 (1990) North 1990 | As at                      |
|---|------------------------------|----------------------------|
|   | As at                        | 31 March 2019              |
|   | 31 March 2020                | (refer note 42)            |
| A. Retained earnings  | (5,333.66)                   | (16,036.97                 |
| B. Securities premium account   | 1,67,033.35                  | 61,772.18                  |
| C. Capital redemption reserve ('CRR')   | 0.02                         | 0.02                       |
| Other reserve   |                              |                            |
| D. Equity settled employee benefit reserve  | 588.35                       | 225.49                     |
| E. Share warrants   | 20.73                        | 20.73                      |
| E. Capital reserve  | (8,457.92)                   | 6.12                       |
| Total   | 1,53,850.88                  | 45,987.58                  |
| ota i   |                              |                            |
| A. Retained earnings  |                              |                            |
|   | As at                        | As at                      |
|   | 31 March 2020                | 31 March 2019              |
|   |                              | (refer note 42)            |
| Balance at the beginning of year  | (16,036.97)                  | (11,472.21)                |
| Add: loss for the year  | (10,888.75)                  | (4,555.49)                 |
| Add: items of other comprehensive income recognized directly in retained earnings   |                              |                            |
| Remeasurement of post employment benefit obligation, net of tax (refer note 30)   | 26.85                        | (9.27)                     |
| ess: Cumulative dividend on preference shares*  | (0.00)                       | (0.00)                     |
| Less: Transfer pursuant to Scheme of demerger (refer note 42)   | 21,565.21                    |                            |
| Balance at the end of year  | (5,333.66)                   | (16,036.97)                |
|   |                              |                            |
| *Amounts are rounded up in Millions upto 2 decimals.  |                              |                            |
| B. Securities premium   |                              | 01                         |
|   | As at                        | As at                      |
|   | 31 March 2020                | 31 March 2019              |
|   |                              | (refer note 42)            |
| Balance at the beginning of year  | 61,772.18                    | 27,864.89                  |
| Add: Premium on issue of preference shares  | 56,107.60                    | 34,092.90                  |
| Add: Premium on issue of equity shares  | 49,428.98                    |                            |
| Less: Share issue expenses  | (275.41)                     | (185.61)                   |
| Balance at the end of year  | 1,67,033.35                  | 61,772.18                  |
| C. Capital redemption reserve   |                              |                            |
|   |                              | As at                      |
|   | As at                        | 31 March 2019              |
|   | 31 March 2020                | (refer note 42)            |
|   | 0.02                         | 0.02                       |
| Balance at the beginning of year  |                              |                            |
| Balance at the end of year  | 0.02                         | 0.02                       |
| D. Equity settled employee benefit reserve  |                              |                            |
|   | As at                        | As at                      |
|   |                              | 31 March 2019              |
|   | 31 March 2020                | (refer note 42)            |
|   |                              |                            |
| Balance at the beginning of year  | 225.49                       | 113.56                     |
|   |                              |                            |
| Balance at the beginning of year<br>Add: Compensation options granted during the year (refer note 33)<br>Less: Transferred to capital reserve | 225.49<br>362.86             | 113.56<br>118.05<br>(6.12) |





588.35

225.49

(Amount in Indian Rupees Millions, unless stated otherwise)

|   | As at<br>31 March 2020 | As at<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42) |
|---|------------------------|---|
| Balance at the beginning of year                            | 20.73                  | 20.73                                     |
| Add: Addition during the year                               |                        |   |
|   | 20.73                  | 20.73                                     |
| F. Capital reserve  |                        |   |
|   | As at<br>31 March 2020 | As at<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42) |
| Balance at the beginning of year                            | 6.12                   |   |
| Add: Transfer from equity settled employee benefit reserve  |                        | 6.12                                      |
| Add: Created pursuant to Scheme of demerger (refer note 42) | (8,464.04)             |   |
|   | (8,457.92)             | 6.12                                      |

- a. Retained earning: Retained earnings represent the amount of accumulated earnings of the Company.
- b. Equity settled employee benefit reserve: Equity settled employee benefit reserve is used to recognized the grant date fair value of options issued to employees under Employee stock option plan. Refer note 33 for further details on these plans.
- c. Capital redemption reserve: Capital redemption reserve created in accordance with the provision contained in the Companies Act 2013 and rules made thereunder on buy back of equity shares.
- d. Securities premium: Securities premium is used to record the premium received on issue of shares. It is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013
- e. Shares warrant: Shares warrant represent right given to subscribe shares against the loan taken by the subsidiary company. Refer note 13(o) for further details.
- f. Capital reserve: Capital reserve represents amount transferred from equity settled employee benefit reserve pursuant to exercise of stock options by employees and reserve created pursuant to the Scheme of demerger (refer note 42)

|  | As at<br>31 March 2020 | As at<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42) |
|--|------------------------|---|
| Financial guarantees liabilities (refer note 31(b))    |                        | 1.18                                      |
| Timaticial guarantees magnities (refer note 31(8))     |                        | 1.18                                      |
| 15B. Other current financial liabilities               |                        |   |
|  | As at<br>31 March 2020 | As at<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42) |
| Employee related payables                              | 194.69                 | 290.76                                    |
| Payable to related party (refer note 32)               | 29.96                  |   |
| Provision for preference dividend*                     | 0.00                   | 0.00                                      |
|  | 224.65                 | 290.76                                    |
| *Amounts are rounded up in Millions upto 2 decimals.   |                        |   |
| 16A. Employee defined benefit obligations- Non current |                        |   |
|  | As at<br>31 March 2020 | As at<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42) |
| Employee benefit obligations                           | 22.22                  | 76.00                                     |
| -Gratuity (refer note 30)                              | 29.29                  | 76.92                                     |
|  | 29.29                  | 76.92                                     |





Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020 (Amount in Indian Rupees Millions, unless stated otherwise)

|   | As at   | As at   |
|---|---|---|
|   | 31 March 2020   | 31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42)  |
| Employee benefit obligations  |   | (lelel flote 42)  |
| -Gratuity (refer note 30)   | 6.53  | 1.48  |
| Other employees benefit obligations   |   |   |
| Compensated absences  | 12.89<br>19.42  | 6.77<br><b>8.2</b> 5  |
|   | 13.42   | 6.23  |
| 17A. Borrowings   |   | As at   |
|   | As at   | 31 March 2019   |
|   | 31 March 2020   | (refer note 42)   |
| Unsecured   |   | 425.02  |
| Liability towards bill discounting<br>Bank overdraft  |   | 135.83<br>192.43  |
| Dank over trait   |   | 328.26  |
| 17B. Lease liabilities  |   |   |
| 17b. Lease Habilities   |   | As at   |
|   | As at   | 31 March 2019   |
|   | 31 March 2020   | (refer note 42)   |
| Balance as at 1 April 2019  | 192.63  |   |
| Additions during the year Interest accrued during the year  | 1,783.00<br>74.27   | , <u></u>   |
| Payment during the year   | (685.33)  |   |
| Transfer pursuant to Scheme of demerger (refer note 42)   | (1,364.57)  | -   |
| Balance as at 31 March 2020   | -   | -   |
| Non-current portion   | •   | -   |
| Current potion  |   | an in the second  |
| 18. Trade payables  |   |   |
|   | As at   | As at   |
|   | 31 March 2020   | 31 March 2019   |
| -total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 40)  | 2.03  | (refer note 42)<br>32.70  |
| -total outstanding dues of mero enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 40)   | 674.02  | 2,146.95  |
| payable to related parties (refer note 32)  | 2.04  |   |
|   | 678.09  | 2,179.65  |
| Terms and conditions of the above financial liabilities:  |   |   |
| Trade payables are interest bearing and are normally settled on 30 day terms.   |   |   |
| For explanations on the Company's credit risk management processes, refer note 36.  |   |   |
|   |   |   |
| 19A. Other non-current liabilities  |   |   |
| 19A. Other non-current liabilities  | As at   | As at   |
| 19A. Other non-current liabilities  | As at<br>31 March 2020  | 31 March 2019   |
|   |   | 31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42)  |
|   | 31 March 2020   | 31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42)<br>9.24  |
| ease equalisation reserve.  | 31 March 2020<br>-  | 31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42)<br>9.24  |
| ease equalisation reserve.  | 31 March 2020<br>-  | 31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42)<br>9.24<br>9.24  |
| Lease equalisation reserve  | 31 March 2020<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>- | 31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42)<br>9.24  |
| Lease equalisation reserve  | 31 March 2020<br>-<br>-<br>-  | 31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42)<br>9.24<br>9.24<br>As at   |
| Lease equalisation reserve<br>19B. Other current liabilities  | 31 March 2020<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>- | 31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42)<br>9.24<br>9.24<br>As at<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42)<br>425.91         |
| Lease equalisation reserve  19B. Other current liabilities  Contract liabilities Lease equalisation reserve   | 31 March 2020   | 31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42)<br>9.24<br>9.24<br>As at<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42)<br>425.91<br>5.15 |
| 19A. Other non-current liabilities  Lease equalisation reserve  19B. Other current liabilities  Contract liabilities Lease equalisation reserve Statutory liabilities | 31 March 2020<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>- | 31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42)<br>9.24<br>9.24<br>As at<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42)<br>425.91         |



(Amount in Indian Rupees Millions, unless stated otherwise)

|   | For the year ended<br>31 March 2020 | For the year ended<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42) |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| Disaggregated revenue information       |                                     |  |
| Type of services                        |                                     |  |
| Sale of accommodation services          |                                     | 33,780.28  |
| Commission from booking                 | - 1                                 | 300.16   |
| Value added services                    |                                     | 382.03   |
| Performance linked bonus income         |                                     | 194.09   |
| Cancellation and other fees             |                                     | 244.54   |
| Royalty income (refer note 32)          | 362.96                              | 44.78  |
| Sale of packages and event              |                                     | 975.02   |
| Income from wizard subscription         |                                     | 30.43  |
| Total                                   | 362.96                              | 35,951.33  |
| India                                   | 324.52                              | 35,906.55  |
| Outside India                           | 38.44                               | 44.78  |
| Total                                   | 362.96                              | 35,951.33  |
| Timing of revenue recognition           |                                     |  |
| Services transferred over time          | 이 집에 가게 되었다. 그 사람들이 나를 가고 됐다.       | 30.43  |
| Services transferred at a point in time | 362.96                              | 35,920.90  |
|   | 362.96                              | 35,951.33  |
| 20.1 Contract balances                  |                                     |  |
|   | For the year ended<br>31 March 2020 | For the year ended<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42) |

Contract assets are recognised when there is excess of revenue earned over billings on contracts with customers. Unbilled receivables are classified as contract assets (only act of invoicing is pending) when there is unconditional right to receive cash, and only passage of time is required, as per contractual terms.

Contract liabilities are recognised when there is excess of invoicing over revenue earned on contracts with customers. Deferred revenue are classified as contract liabilities where invoicing was made in advance or the advance received from the customers while performance of services is pending. Right of return assets and refund liabilities are not present in contracts with customers.

# 21. Other income

Contract liabilities

|   | For the year ended<br>31 March 2020 | For the year ended<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42) |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| Interest income on fixed deposits   | 67.46                               | 3.19   |
| Interest income on bond   | 401.64                              | 723.09   |
| Interest income on income tax refund  | 5.11                                | 0.34   |
| Profit on sale of mutual funds  | 460.84                              | 437.87   |
| Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment (net)                         | 502.04                              | 12.49  |
| Fair value gain on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss | 31.73                               | 307.59   |
| Management fee (refer note 32)  | 98.73                               | 40.49  |
| Interest income on security deposits  |                                     | 3.25   |
| Income from corporate guarantee   | 1.18                                | 2.54   |
| Miscellaneous income  | 0.08                                | 9.14   |
|   | 1,568.81                            | 1,539.99   |





425.91

(Amount in Indian Rupees Millions, unless stated otherwise)

| 22. | Oper | ating | expenses |
|-----|------|-------|----------|
|-----|------|-------|----------|

|                       | For the year ended<br>31 March 2020       | For the year ended<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42) |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| Cost of revenue       | -   | 28,990.24  |
| Property consumables  |   | 396.91   |
| Loss from bookings    | 5 - 1 - 4 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 | 606.75   |
| Other direct expenses |   | 518.11   |
|                       |   | 30,512.00  |

# 23. Employee benefits expense

|   | For the year ended<br>31 March 2020 | For the year ended<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42) |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| Salaries, wages and bonus (refer note 38)                 | 1,315.03                            | 4,650.06   |
| Contribution to provident and other funds (refer note 30) | 30.16                               | 138.45   |
| Gratuity expense (refer note 30)                          | 4.69                                | 38.11  |
| Share based payment expense (refer note 33)               | 154.64                              | 100.51   |
| Staff welfare expenses                                    | 13.20                               | 143.95   |
|   | 1,517.72                            | 5,071.08   |

### 24. Finance cost

|  | For the year ended<br>31 March 2020 | For the year ended<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42) |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| Interest on short term loan                      | <b>+</b>                            | 13.92  |
| Interest expense-others                          | 0.49                                | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                          |
| Bank charges                                     | 0.55                                | 3.91   |
| 전 '무게 '대통하실하는 하고 되고 있는 사람들이 있다. 이 사람들이 있다. 이 사람들 | 1.04                                | 17.83  |

# 25. Depreciation and amortization expense

|  | For the year ended<br>31 March 2020 | For the year ended<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42) |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (refer note 3) | 0.55                                | 195.44   |
| Amortization of intangible assets (refer note 4)             | 128.14                              | 73.04  |
|  | 128.69                              | 268.48   |





(Amount in Indian Rupees Millions, unless stated otherwise)

|  | 26. | Other | exper | ises |
|--|-----|-------|-------|------|
|--|-----|-------|-------|------|

| Zb. Other expenses   | For the year ended<br>31 March 2020 | For the year ended<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42) |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| Power and fuel   | 3.25                                | 15.86  |
| Rent for office and equipments   | 46.82                               | 222.48   |
| Office expenses  | 8.80                                | 37.36  |
| Rates and taxes  | 27.29                               | 42.62  |
| Repairs and maintenance  |                                     |  |
| - Building   | 3.67                                | 64.78  |
| - Computer and others  | 1.29                                | 32.61  |
| Advertising and sales promotion  | 1,968.19                            | 902.86   |
| Insurance expenses   | 1 200                               | 1.92   |
| Business development expenses  |                                     | 87.23  |
| Commission and brokerage   | 0.12                                | 1,817.26   |
| Travelling and conveyance  | 101.80                              | 500.12   |
| Communication costs  | 15.14                               | 92.90  |
| Customer support   |                                     | 1,064.98   |
| Legal and professional fees  | 226.14                              | 629.82   |
| Payment to auditors (refer detail below)   | 10.00                               | 7.25   |
| Donation   | 4.79                                |  |
| Exchange difference (net)  | 1.75                                | 3.69   |
| Provision for expected credit loss   | 14.89                               | 83.78  |
| Provision for advances   | 191.10                              | -  |
| Information technology expenses  | 530.12                              | 318.06   |
| Subscription charges   | 0.69                                | 4.51   |
| Recruitment & training expenses  | 23.67                               | 141.84   |
| Freight, postage and courier   | 0.05                                | 105.12   |
| Miscellaneous expenses   | 0.83                                | 0.36   |
| iviscendificous experises  | 3,180.40                            | 6,177.41   |
| Payments to auditors   | 3,200.40                            | 0,277.42   |
| As auditor   | 40.00                               | 7.00   |
| -Audit fee   | 10.00                               | 7.00   |
| -Tax audit fee   |                                     | 0.10   |
| -Certification fee   | - //-                               | 0.15   |
| B. B   | 10.00                               | 7.25   |
| 27. Exceptional items  |                                     |  |
|  | For the year ended<br>31 March 2020 | For the year ended<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42) |
| Exceptional Items (refer below)  | 592.97                              |  |
|  | 592.97                              |  |
| Exceptional items includes the following   |                                     |  |
| Provision for diminution in value of investment in Limited Liability Partnership (refer note |                                     |  |
| 45)  | 550.00                              |  |
| Severance payment to employees   | 42.97                               |  |
| -  | 502.07                              |  |





592.97

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Amount in Indian Rupees Millions, unless stated otherwise)

| 27A. Other Comprehensive Income                       | For the year ended<br>31 March 2020 | For the year ended<br>31 March 2019<br>(refer note 42) |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| Component of retained earnings                        |                                     |  |
| Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss |                                     |  |
| Remeasurement of defined benefit liability/ (assets)  | 26.85                               | (9.27  |

(This space has been intentionally left blank)





26.85

(9.27)

Oravel Stays Private Limited
CIN: U63090GJ2012PTC107088
Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020
(Amount in Indian Rupees Millions, unless stated otherwise)

### 28. Earning per share

Basic and Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the loss for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

|  | For the year ended<br>31 March 2020 | For the year ended<br>31 March 2019 |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Loss for the year from continuing operation  | (3,489.05)                          | (4,555.49)                          |
| Loss for the year from discontinued operation  | (7,399.70)                          |                                     |
| Less: dividends on preference shares & tax thereon   | (0.00)                              | (0.00)                              |
| Loss attributable to equity holders of the Company adjusted for effect of dilution         | (10,888.75)                         | (4,555.49)                          |
| Weighted average number of equity shares at the year for the calculation of loss per share | 1,26,744                            | 1,15,693                            |
| Basic loss per share   |                                     |                                     |
| from continuing operation  | (27,528.32)                         | (39,375.59)                         |
| from discontinued operation  | (58,383.03)                         |                                     |
| from continuing and discontinued operation   | (85,911.36)                         | (39,375.60)                         |
| Diluted loss per share   |                                     |                                     |
| from continuing operation  | (27,528.32)                         | (39,375.59)                         |
| from discontinued operation  | (58,383.03)                         | - 100                               |
| from continuing and discontinued operation   | (85,911.36)                         | (39,375.60)                         |

<sup>\*</sup>There are potential equity shares as on 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2019 in the form of employee stock options and share warrants. As these are anti-dilutive, they are ignored in the calculation of diluted earnings per share and accordingly, the diluted earnings per share is same as basic earnings per share.





**Oravel Stays Private Limited** 

CIN: U63090GJ2012PTC107088

Notes to standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Amount in Indian Rupees Millions, unless stated otherwise)

### 29. Significant accounting judgement, estimate and assumption

The preparation of the company's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets an liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

#### Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts c assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

#### a) Impairment of non-financial asset

Impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The fa value less costs of disposal calculation is based on available data from binding sales transactions, conducted at arm's length, for similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. The value in use calculation is based on a discounted cash flow model which are based on the budget for five years. The recoverable amount is sensitive to the discount rat used for the discounted cash flow model as well as the expected future cash-inflows and the growth rate used for extrapolation purposes.

### b) Defined benefit liabilities (gratuity benefits)

The cost and present value of the defined benefit gratuity plan are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actuarity developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-tern nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

The parameter most subject to change is the discount rate. In determining the appropriate discount rate for plans operated in India, the management considers the interest rates of government bonds in currencies consistent with the currencies of the post-employment benefit obligation. For plans operated outside India, the management considers the interest rates of high quality corporate bonds in currencies consistent with the currencies of the post-employment benefit obligation with at least an 'AA' rating or above, as set by an internationally acknowledged rating agency and extrapolated as needed along the yield curve to correspond with the expected term of the defined benefit obligation. The underlying bonds are further reviewed for quality. Those having excessive credit spreads are excluded from the analysis of bonds on which the discount rate is based, on the basis that they do not represent high quality corporate bonds.

The mortality rate is based on publicly available mortality tables for the specific countries. Those mortality tables tend to change only at interval in response to demographic changes. Future salary increases and gratuity increases are based on expected future inflation rates for the respective countries.

Further details about gratuity obligations is given in Note 30.

#### c) Share based payments

The Company initially measures the cost of cash-settled transactions with employees using a binomial model to determine the fair value of the liability incurred. Estimating fair value for share-base payment transactions requires determination of the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determination of the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them. The assumptions and models use for estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions are disclosed in Note 33.

### d) Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured usin valuation techniques including the discounted cash flow model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgemer is required in establishing fair values (Refer note 34).





#### 30. Employee benefits

#### Defined contribution plan: Provident fund

During the year, the Company has recognized INR 29.83 millions (31 March 2019: INR 136.38 million) as contribution to Employee Provident Fund and Employee State Insurance in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### Defined benefit plans - Gratuity

The Company provides for gratuity for employees as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Each employee rendering continuous service of 5 years or more is entitled to receive gratuity amount equal to 15/26 of the monthly emoluments for every completed year of service subject to maximum of INR 2 Millions at the time of separation from the Company. The scheme is unfunded.

The following tables summarise the components of net benefit expense recognized in the statement of profit or loss and the funded status and amounts recognized in the balance sheet for the respective plans:

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation (unfunded gratuity) is, as follows:

|   | As at         | As at<br>31 March 2019 |  |
|---|---------------|------------------------|--|
|   | 31 March 2020 |                        |  |
| Defined benefit obligations as at the beginning of the year | 78.30         | 31.02                  |  |
| Current service cost  | 10.28         | 35.75                  |  |
| Interest expense  | 5.52          | 2.36                   |  |
| Remeasurement (gain)/loss - OCI                             | (26.85)       | 9.27                   |  |
| Benefit paid  | (2.71)        | (0.10)                 |  |
| Transferred pursuant to the scheme of demerger*             | (28.73)       | -                      |  |
| Defined benefit obligations as at 31 March                  | 35.82         | 78.30                  |  |

<sup>\*</sup>The Company has transferred out liability amounting to INR 1.45 million and INR 27.28 million to OYO Apartments Investments LLP and OYO Hotels and Homes Private Limited respectively.

#### Amount recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss:

| As at         | As at         |  |
|---------------|---------------|--|
| 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |  |
| 10.28         | 35.75         |  |
| 5.52          | 2.36          |  |
| (11.11)       |               |  |
| 4.69          | 38.11         |  |
|               | 4.69          |  |

<sup>\*</sup> The company has transferred out expense of INR 11.11 million to OYO Hotels and Homes Private Limited

| Amount recognized in Other Comprehen | scive Income |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|

|  | As at<br>31 March 2020 | As at<br>31 March 2019 |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| Remeasurement (gain)/loss of net benefit liability | (26.85)                | 9.27                   |
| (6-7)  | (26.85)                | 9.27                   |

principal assumptions used in determining gratuity and leave encashment obligations for the Company's plans are shown below:

|  | As at         | As at         |
|--|---------------|---------------|
|  | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| Discount rate (in %)*                  | 5.66%         | 7.05%         |
| Salary Escalation (in %)               | 5%-10%        | 10.00%        |
| Withdrawal rate (in %)                 | 38.00%        | 30.00%        |
| Mortality rate of IALM 2012-14/2006-08 | 100%          | 100%          |
| Retirement age                         | 58 years      | 58 years      |

<sup>\*</sup>Discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields on government securities as at the above periods for estimates of defined benefit obligations.

# Due to its defined benefit plans, the company is exposed to following significant risk

a. Change in Discount Rate: A decrease in discount rate will increase plan liability.

b. Salary Risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of the plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the plans liability.

c. Withdrawal Rate: A decrease in withdrawal rate will increase plan liability.

|                        | As at  | As at         |
|------------------------|--|---------------|
|                        | 31 March 2020  | 31 March 2019 |
| Discount rate          |  |               |
| Increase by 0.50%      | (0.49)   | (1.91         |
| Decrease by 0.50%      | 0.50   | 1.99          |
| Salary escalation rate |  |               |
| ncrease by 1%          | 0.88   | 3.73          |
| Decrease by 1%         | (0.86)   | (3.53         |
| Attrition rate         |  |               |
| Increase by 5%         | (3.46)   | (11.40        |
|                        | A A TOTAL CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR | 12.00         |

The sensitivity analyses above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumption occurring at the end of the reporting period.

| The following payments are expected contributions to the defined benefit plan in future year | As at         | As at         |
|--|---------------|---------------|
|  | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| Year 1   | 6.53          | 1.46          |
| Year 2   | 6.79          | 7.96          |
| Year 3   | 5.74          | 10.71         |
| Year 4   | 6.22          | 12.20         |
| Year 5   | 5.59          | 15.74         |
| After 5th Year   | 11.64         | 69.24         |
| Total expected payment   | 42.50         | 117.31        |

The average duration of the defined plan obligation at the end of the reporting period is 5 years (31 March 2019: 6 years)





#### 31. Commitments and contingencies

#### A. Leases

#### Operating lease - as lessee

The Company has entered into commercial lease agreements for office properties, furniture and equipments taken by it on leases. These leases have an average life of between two and five years and are renewable by mutual consent. There are no contingent rents in the lease agreements. The lease term are renewable by mutual consent. There are no restrictions imposed by lease agreements. There is a sublease of office properties during the year.

Lease expense for year ended 31 March 2020 is INR 46.82 million (31 March 2019: INR 222.48 million) which is net of sublease income of INR Nil (31 March 2019: INR 10 million)

Future minimum rentals payable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

|   | As at                               | As at         |
|---|-------------------------------------|---------------|
|   | 31 March 2020                       | 31 March 2019 |
| Within one year                             |                                     | 151.04        |
| After one year but not more than five years | 트 보다 그는 그는 그 나는 그를 하나 있다면 바쁜 바다다니다. | 313.51        |
| More than five years                        |                                     | 25.72         |
|   |                                     | 490.27        |

During the previous year, the Company had filed Composite Scheme of Arrangement (Demerger) amongst OYO Hotels and Homes Private Limited (Formerly known as Alcott Town Planners Private Limited) and Oravel Stays Private Limited and their respective shareholders and creditors (Composite Scheme) with Hon'ble court of Gujrat at Ahmedabad and National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT). Pursuant to the Scheme, the Hotel Business of the Company was demerged from the Demerged company and was transferred to OYO Homes and Hotels Private Limited (Resulting Company) with appointed date as 1 January 2018. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities of the Demerged Business stand transferred to the Resulting Company from the appointed date, as a result there is no future lease commitment on the Company. Hence, disclosure related to minimum lease commitment is not applicable on the Company.

| В. | Contingent | liabi | lities |
|----|------------|-------|--------|
|    |            |       |        |

|   | As at         | As at         |  |
|---|---------------|---------------|--|
|   | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |  |
| i) Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debt: |               |               |  |
| a) Tax matters in appeal: Service tax                   | 564.35.       | 543.92        |  |
| b) Tax matters in appeal: Income tax                    | 33.32         |               |  |
| c) Others   |               |               |  |
| ii) Bank Guarantees                                     | 84.76         | 101.12        |  |
| iii) Corporate Guarantees                               | 725.00        | 725.00        |  |

(a) The Company has received a demand cum show cause notice from the office of the Commissioner of Service Tax, dated 14 March 2017 towards additional service tax liability amounting INR 147.81 to be discharged as an "Aggregator", for the period 1 April 2015 to 31 March 2016. The Company had paid a sum of INR 127.38 as an "aggregator" with respective returns in the financial year 2015-16 under protest and simultaneously challenged the constitutional validity of such notification in Delhi High Court. The Hon'ble court has issued a favourable stay for the recovery proceedings against such show cause notice.

Similar notice dated 19 July 2019 has been received of INR 543.92 for the period 1 April 2016 to 30 June 2017 and INR 20.43 for the period 1 April 2015 to 31 March 2016 towards tax liability. The Company challenged the constitutional validity of such notification in Delhi High Court. The Hon'ble court has issued a favourable stay for the recovery proceedings against such show cause notice. The management believes that the ultimate outcome of this proceeding will not have any significant impact on the Company's financial position.

- (b) TDS survey proceedings were carried on the Company in January 2020. Pursuant to survey proceedings, demand of INR 33.32 million was raised on the Company on account of non-deduction and payment of tax deducted at source (TDS) on minimum guarantee paid to hotels partner during the period April to December 2019. The Company has filed an appeal before CIT(A) against the demand order as the Company believes that TDS is not applicable on minimum guarantee amount. The management believes that ultimate outcome this proceedings will not have any significant impact on the company's financial position
- (c) Corporate guarantee amounting to INR 550 million has been given to Innoven Capital India Private Limited against borrowings taken by the subsidiary company. Further, corporate guarantee of INR 125 million and INR 50 million has been given to Connect Residuary Private Limited and SREI Equipment Finance Limited respectively against certain assets taken on operating lease. The Company will provide financial support to its subsidiaries, so as to meet their liabilities as and when the same is required.

C. Capital & other commitments

|                             | As at         | As at         |
|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------|
|                             | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| Property, plant & equipment | 3.71          | 9.34          |





Oravel Stays Private Limited
CNN: U690906/2012PTC107028
NOtes to standane financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020
(Amount in Indian Rupees Millions, unless stated otherwise)

32. Related party transactions

a) Names of related parties and related party relationship (with whom transactions have taken place)

Subsidiary

Limited Liability Partnership

Key Management Personnel

OYO Hotel and Homes Private Limited (Formerly know as Alcott Town Planners Private Limited)
Oravel Stays Singapore Pte Limited
OYO Financial and Technology Services Private Limited

OYO Apartment Investments LLP OYO OTH Investments I LLP OYO Midmarket Investments LLP

O'O O'H investments LLP
O'O Technology & Hospitality Japan KK
Guerralia Infra Solution Provide Limited
O'O' Technology & Hospitality Japan KK
Guerralia Infra Solution Provide Limited
O'O' Brasal Hospitality Limited
O'O' Brasal Hospitality Enrologis Etreli
O'O' Brasal Hospitality Reference Sart
O'O' Hospitality Retheralised Enrologis Etreli
O'O' Hospitality Enrologis Etreli
O'O' Hospitality Enrologis Enrologis O'O' Hospitality Enrologis Etreli
O'O' Hospitality Enrologis Enrologis O'O' Hospitality Enrologis Enrologis Enrologis Enrologis O'O' Proport UC
O'O' Roman Hospitality Safe Ethel
O'O' Etrelhology & Hospitality February UC
O'O' Roman Hospitality Safe Ethel
O'O' Etrelhology & Hospitality (February UC
O'O' Roman Hospitality Safe Ethel
O'O' Etrelhology and Hospitality (February UC
O'O' Etrelhology and Hospitality (February UC
O'O' Ethelhology and Hospitality ET UC
Oravel Hospitality All Ethel
O'O' O'O' Ethelhology & Hospitality UC
O'O' Technology and Hospitality ET UC
Oravel Hospitality All Ethelia

Mr. Ritesh Aganval (Director)
Mr. Abhishek Gupta (Chief financial officer)
Mr. Ashish Garg (Company secretary)
Mr. Vimal Chawla (Company secretary)

|   | Key management per<br>manageme          | sonnel & relative of Key<br>nt personnel  | Subsidiary & step                   | down subsidiary                        | Joint ve                            | enture   | То                                  | tal  |
|---|---|---|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|
|   | For the year ended<br>31 March 2020     | For the year ended<br>31 March 2019   | For the year ended<br>31 March 2020 | For the year ended<br>31 March 2019    | For the year ended<br>31 March 2020 | For the year ended<br>31 March 2019  | For the year ended<br>31 March 2020 | For the year ended<br>31 March 2019  |
| Investment in subsidiary company/limited liability partnership                          |   |   |                                     |  |                                     |  |                                     |  |
| OYO Hotels and Homes Private Limited  |   |   | 9                                   | 1,000.00                               |                                     |  |                                     | 1,000.0  |
| Oravel Stays Singapore Pte Limited  |   |   | 72,295.58                           | 4,034.55                               |                                     |  | 72,295.58                           | 4,034.5  |
| OYO Financial and Technology Services Private Limited                                   |   |   |                                     | 20.00                                  |                                     |  |                                     | 20.0   |
| OYO Apartment Investments LLP   |   |   | 7                                   | 50.00                                  | × 1                                 | 190  |                                     | 50.0   |
| DYO OTH Investments I LLP   | 1 .                                     |   |                                     | 60.00                                  |                                     | 191  |                                     | 60.0   |
| DYO Midmarket Investments LLP   |   |   |                                     | 40 00                                  |                                     |  |                                     | 40.0   |
| Guerrilla Infra Solutions Private Limited   |   |   | 14 07                               | 169.20                                 |                                     | 12   | 14 07                               | 169 2  |
| nvestment in OYO OTH I Investment LLP   | 1                                       |   | 250.00                              |  |                                     | (5)  | 250 00                              |  |
| Investment in OYO Midmarket Investment LLP  | 8                                       | -   | 200.00                              | -                                      | *1                                  | 1907   | 200.00                              | 25   |
| nvestment in joint ventures   |   |   |                                     |  |                                     |  |                                     |  |
| Mypreferred Transformation and Hospitality Private Limited                              | .00                                     |   |                                     |  | 1,401.27                            | 3,421.99   | 1,401.27                            | 3,421.9  |
| Mountainia Developers and Hospitality Private Limited                                   |   |   |                                     |  |                                     |  |                                     |  |
| Deemed investment in subsidiary companies#<br>DYO Hotels and Homes Private Limited      |   | 140   | 18.08                               |  |                                     |  | 18 08                               |  |
| OYO Technology & Hospitality (UK) Limited   |   |   | 1.80                                | 3.77                                   |                                     |  | 1 80                                | 3.7  |
| Oravel Stays Singapore Pte Ltd  |   |   | 2.78                                | 3.88                                   |                                     |  | 2.78                                | 3.8  |
| DYO Technology & Hospitality S.L. Spain   |   |   | 1.33                                | 0.89                                   |                                     |  | 1.33                                | 0.1  |
| PT. OYO Rooms (Indonesia)   |   |   | 4.51                                | 0 24                                   |                                     | 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19  | 4.51                                | 0.   |
| OYO Oravel Technology Co.   |   |   | 0 20                                | 0 14                                   |                                     |  | 0 20                                | 0.   |
| OYO Technology & Hospitality FZ-LLC   | C                                       |   | 2 26                                | 2.63                                   |                                     |  | 2.26                                | 2.   |
| OYO Rooms Hospitality Sdn Bhd   | (E) (1) (S) (1) (1) (S)                 |   | 0.90                                | 0.17                                   | 6.1                                 |  | 0.90                                | 0.   |
|   | 11 N 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 |   | 10 26                               | 4.03                                   | 2.1                                 |  | 10 26                               | 41   |
| OYO Technology & Hospitality Japan KK   | 100                                     |   | 64.15                               | 1.48                                   |                                     |  | 64.15                               | 1  |
| OYO Hotels Inc USA  |   |   | 4.13                                | 0.32                                   |                                     |  | 4.42                                | 0.3  |
| Oravel Hotels Mexico S. de R.L. de C.V  |   |   | 30 63                               | 0.32                                   |                                     |  | 30.63                               |  |
| OYO Hospitality & Information Technology (Shenzhen) Co. Limited                         |   |   |                                     |  |                                     |  | 4.23                                | 300  |
| OYO Apartments Investments LLP  | 1 1                                     | 100   | 4.23                                | A 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 |                                     |  | 2.51                                |  |
| OYO Brasil Hospitalidade E Tecnologia Eireli  |   |   | 2.51                                | * 1                                    |                                     |  | 0 12                                |  |
| OYO Hotels Germany GmbH   |   |   | 0 12                                |  | 1771 T H H W 253                    |  | 0 12                                |  |
| OYO Vacation Homes Rentals LLC Dubai  | 1                                       |   | 0.10                                |  |                                     |  | 25.13                               |  |
| OYO Rooms and Technology LLC  |   |   | 25.13                               |  | * 1                                 |  |                                     |  |
| OYO Hotels Italia S.R.L.  |   |   | 0.36                                |  |                                     |  | 0 36                                |  |
| OYO Vacation Homes UK Limited   | 11.2 (1.1 kg) 16-17 • (2.1              | Y 28 10 10 10 10  | 1.94                                | * 1                                    |                                     | thinks I was   | 1.94                                |  |
| OYO Vacation Homes holding B V.   |   |   | 17.64                               |  |                                     |  | 17.64                               |  |
| OYO Technology & Hospitality Philliplines Inc   |   |   | 0.02                                |  |                                     |  | 0 02                                |  |
| OYO Vacation Homes LLC  |   |   | 3 09                                |  |                                     |  | 3.09                                |  |
| Oravel Technology and Hospitality Lanka (Pvt) Limited                                   | Contract Laborator Contract             | Composition of the  | 0.09                                |  |                                     |  | 0 09                                |  |
| OYO Technology And Hospitality (Thailand) Limited                                       |   |   | 0.06                                |  |                                     |  | 0.06                                |  |
| OYO Hotels Canada Inc   |   |   | 1.23                                |  |                                     |  | 1 23                                |  |
| Deemed Investment in joint venture companies# OYO Mountainia USA Inc.                   |   |   |                                     |  | 3 11                                |  | 3.11                                | LIPTING.   |
| Service fees on hatel room bookings   |   | A COLUMN  |                                     |  |                                     |  |                                     |  |
| OYO Hotels and Homes Private Limited  |   |   |                                     | 262 03                                 |                                     |  |                                     | 262 0  |
| Secondment fees charged   |   | Programme Constitution  |                                     |  |                                     |  |                                     | 123 1  |
| OYO Hotels and Homes Private Limited  |   |   |                                     | 123.83                                 |                                     |  |                                     |  |
| OYO Apartment Investments LLP   |   |   | CANADA MACAMAN                      | 5.00                                   | E18 2 7 7 1 8 7                     |  |                                     | 5.0  |
| OYO OTH Investments I LLP   |   |   |                                     | 2.50                                   | 9.84                                |  | 9.84                                | 2.1  |
| Mountainia Developers and Hospitality Private Limited                                   |   |   |                                     |  | 3.84                                |  |                                     |  |
| Royalty Income  |   |   |                                     | 44 31                                  |                                     | III. Inchi te taga   |                                     | 44   |
| OYO Hospitality & Information Technology (Shenzhen) Co Limited                          |   |   | 12/12/06/2015 19:50                 | 0.47                                   | THE REAL PROPERTY.                  | 7 7 7 1 1 1 2 2  |                                     | 0.   |
| OYO Hotel Management (Shanghai) Co. Limited   |   | 3 OTC 100 ECO ()  |                                     | 0.47                                   |                                     | Maria de la companya | 11.92                               |  |
| Guerrilla Infra Solution Private Limited  |   | The State of the State of   | 11 92                               |  |                                     | END IN LOCAL   | 11.58                               | AND PARTY  |
| OYO Hotels Singapore Pte Limited  |   |   | 11.58                               |  |                                     |  | 275.74                              |  |
| OYO Hotels and Homes Private Limited  | THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN              | 20 To 10 To | 275.74                              |  |                                     |  | 982                                 |  |
| OYO Apartment Investments LLP   |   |   | 9.82                                |  |                                     |  | 9 92                                | The state of the s |
| OYO OTH Investments I LLP   | The second second                       | The Power of the Alba   | 9 92                                | Syllemon Tended                        |                                     | Charles of the second  | 7.11                                |  |
| OYO Midmarket Investments LLP   | *                                       |   | 7.11                                |  |                                     |  | 10 00                               | ALC: NO PERSONS  |
| OYO Workspaces India Private Limited OYO Technology and Hospitality (China) Pte Limited |   |   | 10 00<br>26 86                      |  |                                     |  | 26 86                               |  |
| Payment made on behalf of group companies   |   |   |                                     |  | 47/ p/2 Uni                         |  |                                     | All Land   |
| OYO Midmarket Investments LLP   |   |   | 5.72                                | 0.50                                   |                                     |  | 5 72                                |  |
| Mountainia Developers and Hospitality Private Limited                                   |   |   |                                     | *                                      | 1.03                                | 9 1 1 7 1 100  | 1.03                                |  |
| OYO Hotels and Homes Private Limited  |   |   | 497 18                              | (A)                                    |                                     |  | 497.18                              |  |
| DYO Apartment Investments LLP   | 100                                     |   | 128 37                              |  |                                     |  | 128 37                              |  |
| OYO OTH Investments I LLP   |   |   | 2.96                                |  | A 1                                 |  | 2.96                                |  |
|   |   |   | 0.83                                |  |                                     |  | 0.83                                |  |





| (Amount in Indian Rupees Millions, unless stated otherwise)  |                       |                       |  |   |             |             |   |   |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|---|-------------|-------------|---|---|
| Sale of consumable OYO Hotels and Homes Private Limited  |                       |                       | Company of   | 3.47  |             |             |   | 3 47                                      |
| Sale of internally generated software<br>Oravel Hotels Singapore Pte Limited   |                       |                       | 667.90   |   |             |             | 667 90  |   |
| Expenses incurred on behalf of group companies OYO Hotels and Homes Private Limited OYO Apartment investments LIP OYO OTH Investments ILIP OYO OTH Investments ILIP Oraved Stays Singapore Pite Limited  |                       |                       | 691 27<br>307 39<br>-<br>7.81                        | 93 76<br>1 48<br>2 57<br>7 83                       |             |             | 691 27<br>307.39<br>781                                       | 93.76<br>1.48<br>2.57<br>7.83             |
| OYO Technology & Hospitality Japan KK OYO Oyavel Technology Co. Guerrilla Infa Solution Private Limited Mountaina Developers and Hospitality Private Limited Oravel Technology and Hospitality Lanka (Pvel Limited   |                       |                       | 14.77<br>3.00<br>0.57                                | 7.41<br>4.78  | 24 30       |             | 14.77<br>3.00<br>24.30<br>0.57                                | 7.41<br>4.78                              |
| Oravel Hotels Mexico S. De R. L. De C. V. OYO Brasil Hospitalidade E. Tecnologia Eireli Oyo Hospitality & Information Technology (Sheruhen) Co Limited OYO Hotels Netherlands 0. V. OYO Hotels Canada Inc  |                       |                       | 6 15<br>12 25<br>8 95<br>70 88<br>0 70               |   |             |             | 6 15<br>12 25<br>8 95<br>70 88<br>0.70                        |   |
| OYO Hotels France Sarl OYO Hotels Germany Gmbh OYO Hotels Japan GK OYO Hotels In USA OYO Hotels In USA   |                       |                       | 0 05<br>4 47<br>10 01<br>42 45<br>0 00               |   |             | 1           | 0 05<br>4 47<br>10 01<br>42 45<br>0 00                        |   |
| OYO Oravel Technology Co (Saudi) PT. Oyo Rooms (Indonesia) OYO Propro LLC OYO Rooms and Hospitality UK Limited   |                       |                       | 5 61<br>17.96<br>2 17<br>13.77                       |   | ***         |             | 5 61<br>17 96<br>2 17<br>13 77                                |   |
| OVO Rooms Hospitality 5dn Bhd OVO Technology, & Hospitality (Vietnam) LLC OVO Technology, & Hospitality (LLC [Oman) OVO Technology, and Hospitality (LLC [Oman) OVO Technology, & Hospitality Thatalind) Limited OVO Technology, & Hospitality Philippines MC  |                       |                       | 12 13<br>1 57<br>0 43<br>9 86<br>4 58                |   |             |             | 12.13<br>1.57<br>0.43<br>9.86<br>4.58                         |   |
| Oravel Hotels Singapore Pte Limited OYO Technology and Hospitality F2 LLC OYO Technology A Hospitality 12 LLC OYO Technology A Hospitality 12 LLC OYO Technology A Hospitality 12 LSPAIN OYO Vication Homes Rentals LLC Dubai OYO Financial and Technology Services Private Limited  |                       |                       | 527.85<br>4.65<br>6.31<br>2.61<br>0.28<br>0.19       |   |             |             | 527.85<br>4.65<br>6.31<br>2.61<br>0.28<br>0.19                |   |
| Rendering of services OYO Technology and Hospitality (Thaland) Limited OYO Hospitality & Information Technology (Shenzhen) Co Limited OYO Brasil Hospitalidade E Tecnologia (Ereli   |                       |                       |  | 15.06<br>134.24<br>6.26                             |             |             | į   | 15.06<br>134.24<br>6.26<br>148.36         |
| Oravel Stays Singapore Pte Limited O'70 Technology & Riospatally S LSPAIN O'70 Technology and Hospitally I S LLC PT. O'70 Rooms (Indinoscia) O'70 Rooms Hospitally S NB HID O'70 Technology & Riospitally S Philippines INC  |                       |                       |  | 148.36<br>14.70<br>35.92<br>64.70<br>56.27<br>34.69 |             |             |   | 14.70<br>35.92<br>64.70<br>56.27<br>34.69 |
| O'TO Crewinding of Indiputing Vision (Indiputing Vision Vi |                       |                       |  | 28 51<br>69 51<br>2 94<br>49 53<br>13 26            |             |             |   | 28 51<br>69 51<br>2 94<br>49 53<br>13 26  |
| OYO Hotels Japan GK<br>OYO Hospitality UK Limited  | :                     |                       |  | 9 81<br>26 86                                       |             |             |   | 9 81<br>26 86                             |
| Management fees O'YO Technology and Hospitality (Thailand) Limited O'YO Hospitality & Information Technology (Shenshen) Co Limited O'YO Haspitality & Information Technology (Shenshen) Co Limited O'YO Brazil Hospitalided & Etenologia & Erieli Orawel Stays Singapore Pte Limited O'YO Technology & Klospitality & Li SPAIN   |                       |                       | 0 82<br>1 03<br>0 86<br>0 54<br>0 22                 | 1.44<br>4.50<br>0.90<br>7.06<br>1.00                |             |             | 0 82<br>1 03<br>0 86<br>0 54<br>0 22                          | 1 44<br>4 50<br>0 90<br>7.06<br>1.00      |
| OYO Technology and Hospitality FZ LLC PT. OYO Rooms (Indonesia) OYO Rooms Hospitality SDN BHD OYO Technology & Hospitality Philippines Inc OYO Technology Co   |                       | #<br>#<br>#<br>#      | 0.47<br>1.48<br>1.09<br>0.37<br>0.38                 | 3 46<br>5.78<br>5.24<br>3.60<br>2.71                | 8<br>5<br>8 | 8<br>8<br>8 | 0.47<br>1.48<br>1.09<br>0.37<br>0.38                          | 3.46<br>5.78<br>5.24<br>3.60<br>2.71      |
| Oyo Technology and Hospitality (UK) Limited Oravel Hotels Mexico S. de R. L. de C.V OYO Hotels LLC Oravel Technology and Hospitality Lanka (Pvt) Limited OYO Hotels Netherlands B.V.   | 6<br>7<br>5<br>8      |                       | 0.50<br>3.58<br>0.01<br>9.14                         | 3.48<br>0.44<br>0.88                                |             |             | 050<br>358<br>001<br>914                                      | 3.48<br>0.44<br>0.88                      |
| OYO Hotels Canada Inc OYO Hotels Garmany Gmbh OYO Hotels Japan GK OYO Life Real Estate LLC OYO Propos LLC  |                       |                       | 0.00<br>0.01<br>0.35<br>0.00<br>0.08                 | i   |             |             | 0 00<br>0 01<br>0 35<br>0 00<br>0 08                          |   |
| OYO Rooms and Hospitaliky UK Limited OYO Technology, & Hospitaliky (Wetharah) LC OYO Technology, & Hospitaliky (LC (Oman) OYO Technology, & Hospitaliky Jason KK Guerollia Infa Solution Private Limited OYO Workspaces India Private Limited OYO Workspaces India Private Limited OYO Workspaces India Private Limited  |                       |                       | 0.73<br>0.15<br>0.00<br>0.17<br>0.83<br>6.42<br>0.99 |   |             |             | 0 73<br>0 15<br>0 00<br>0 17<br>0 83<br>6 42<br>0 99<br>0 002 |   |
| Transfer of technology cost Oravel Hotels Singapore Pte Limited*   |                       |                       | 68 47  |   |             |             | 68 47   |   |
| Payment made by group companies on behalf of us<br>Oravel Stays, Singapore Pte Limited<br>O'70 Rooms Hospitality 50M BHD<br>O'70 Technology, & Hospitality FZ LLC (Duba)<br>O'70 Tethnology, & Hospitality FZ LLC (Duba)   | *                     |                       | 110.77   | 3 30<br>0.80<br>0 28                                |             |             | 110 77  | 3.30<br>0.80<br>0.28                      |
| Receiving of services OYO Technology & Hospitality Japan KK OYO Workspaces India Private Limited   |                       |                       | 16.97<br>51.19                                       | 7.82  | :           |             | 16 97<br>51 19  | 7.8 <u>2</u>                              |
| Payment received on behalf of group companies OVO Hotels and Homes Private Limited OVO Apartment Investments LLP Oravel Stays Singapore Pte Limited  |                       |                       | 852.71   | 11 11<br>28 13<br>2.74                              |             |             | 852.71  | 11.11<br>28.13<br>2.74                    |
| Purchase of accommodation services OYO Hotels and Homes Private Limited - (-Ost of revenue - Travelling and conveyance   |                       |                       |  | 654.54<br>38.62                                     |             |             | 9   | 654.54<br>38.62                           |
| Remuneration to key management personnel* Mr. Riketh Agarwal Mr. Abhishke Gupta Mr. Ashishk Garg   | 2.15<br>87.37<br>2.86 | 6 91<br>20 25<br>2 38 | :  |   |             | :           | 2 15<br>87 37<br>2 86   | 6 91<br>20 25<br>2 38                     |





|   |               | own subsidiary | Joint venture  |               |
|---|---------------|----------------|--|---------------|
|   | As at         | As at          | As at  | As at         |
| dyance receivables  | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019  | 31 March 2020  | 31 March 2019 |
| tyance receivables (C) Hotels and Homes Private Limited                               | 33,799.48     | 2,429 73       |  |               |
|   | 13 22         | 61.45          |  |               |
| O Rooms Hospitality Sdn Bhd   | 402 83        | 144.17         |  |               |
| O Apartment Investments LLP   | 40.70         | 10.74          |  |               |
| O OTH Investments I LLP   | 25 22         | 0.50           |  |               |
| O Midmarket Investments LLP   | 19 44         | 70 48          |  |               |
| OYO Rooms (Indonesia)   |               |                | 100  |               |
| O Technology and Hospitality (Thailand) Limited                                       | 10 68         | 16.50          |  |               |
| O Hospitality & Information Technology (Shenzhen) Co Limited                          | 53 82         | 183.05         |  |               |
| O Hotel Management (Shanghai) Co. Limited   | 0.47          | 0.47           | M. 11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-   |               |
| /O Brasil Hospitalidade E Tecnologia Eireli   | 13.11         | 7.16           |  |               |
| O Technology & Hospitality Philippines INC  | 4.95          | 38.30          |  |               |
| (O Technology and Hospitality (UK) Limited  |               | 72.99          | *  |               |
| (O Hotels Inc (USA)   | 45.58         | 50.41          |  |               |
| O Technology & Hospitality Japan KK   | *             | 12 85          |  |               |
| O Hotels Japan GK   | 10 36         | 9 81           | 140  |               |
| O Hospitality UK Limited  | - Autom       | 26.86          |  |               |
| errilla Infra Solution Private Limited  | 3 00          |                |  |               |
| syel Technology and Hospitality Lanka (Pvt) Limited                                   | 0.58          | 2              | 100  |               |
| wel Hotels Singapore Pte Limited  | 185.73        |                |  |               |
| O Kitchen India Private Limited   | 50 00         |                |  |               |
| O Rooms and Hospitality UK Limited  | 14 50         |                |  |               |
| O rooms and roospranty OK crimited  O Workspaces India Private Limited                | 4.29          |                |  |               |
| Workspaces integral private Connect  Hotels Netherlands B.V.  Hotels Netherlands B.V. | 80 02         |                |  |               |
|   | 6.78          | 39.10          |  |               |
| D Technology and Hospitality FZ LLC   | 6.65          | 3.39           |  |               |
| ivel Hotels Mexico S. de R.L. de C.V  |               |                | 120  |               |
| O Oravel Technology Co. (Saudi)   | 5.99          | 35.99          |  |               |
| avel Stays Singapore Pte Limited  | 8 35          | 167 41         | 100  |               |
| O Hotels Germany GmbH   | 4 48          |                |  |               |
| O Technology & Hospitality S L SPAIN  | 2 83          | 15.71          |  |               |
| O Propos LLC  | 2 25          |                | (8)  |               |
| O Technology & Hospitality (Vietnam) LLC  | 1 72          |                | 000  |               |
| O Hotels Canada Inc   | 0.70          | -              |  |               |
| O Technology & Hospitality LLC (Oman)   | 0.44          |                | 190  |               |
| O Vacation Homes Rentals LLC Dubai  | 0.30          | **             | 197  |               |
| D Financial and Technology Services Private Limited                                   | 0 19          |                |  |               |
| D Hotels France Sarl  | 0.05          |                | (90)   |               |
| O Life Real Estate LLC  | 0.00          | 11 0 2 0       |  |               |
| D Rooms & Technology LLC  |               |                | 91   |               |
| ountainia Developers and Hospitality Private Limited                                  |               |                | 25 33  |               |
| de receivable   |               |                |  |               |
| errila Infra Solution Private Limited   | 11.92         |                |  |               |
| O Hotels Singapore Pite Limited   | 11 58         |                |  |               |
| ) Hotels and Homes Private Limited  | 275.74        |                |  |               |
| O Apartment Investments LLP   | 9 82          |                |  |               |
| O Apartment investments (LLP  | 9 92          |                |  |               |
|   | 7.11          |                |  |               |
| O Midmarket Investments LLP   | 10.00         |                | The state of the s |               |
| ) Workspaces India Private Limited ) Technology and Hospitality (China) Pte Limited   | 26.86         |                |  |               |
|   |               |                |  |               |
| de payables   | 0.00          |                |  |               |
| O Hotels Italia S. R. L.  |               |                |  |               |
| O Technology & Hospitality Japan KK   | 2 04          |                |  |               |
|   |               |                |  |               |

Refer note 5 for the deemed investment in subsidiary companie

\*Remuneration to key managerial personnel does not include the provisions made for gratuity as they are determined on an actuarial basis and ESOP cost for the Company as a whole.

Refer note 31 for the corporate guarantee and note 13 for the right to subscribe shares of the company given to a lender against loan taken by subsidiary company

d) Terms and condition

Goods and examples were used employed to the related particles during the eyes and so do the first parties. Management fees were charged to subsidiary on cost basis

All other transactions were made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates.

All outstanding balances are unsecured and settled in cash, which are settled on receipt or provision of service by the parties





#### 33. Employee stock option plans

The Company provides share-based payment schemes to its employees. The Board of Directors of the Company, on 24 December 2013, has approved the Equity Settled ESOP Scheme 2013 (ESOP Scheme 2013) for issue of stock options to the key employees of the company. The Board of Directors also approved the incorporation of trust for this purpose in the name and style of Oravel Employee Welfare Trust in its Board Meeting held on 24 December 2013.

During the year 2018-19, Board of Directors in their board meeting dated 30 May 2018, approved the amendment to existing ESOP Scheme 2013. The Shareholders accord their approval on the same in the general meeting dated 10 July 2018. The changes in the ESOP plan includes various aspects relating to vesting, scenarios relating to employees exit on various account.

During the year, pursuant to demerger, the Board of Directors of the Company had introduced a new ESOP policy in ESOP Scheme 2018 whereby, instead of allotting shares to existing Oravel Employee Welfare Trust ("Trust") upfront, a virtual pool of such ESOPs has been created and instead of having shares pre-allotted to the Trust, it was proposed that only upon exercise of ESOP by a qualifying employee (and receipt of the exercise price), will allot the requisite share(s) to the Trust. In order to follow a uniform ESOP policy, Company has reduced the share capital held by the Trust under the old ESOP policy held as of 1 November 2019 other than any portion of the share capital which has been identified by the Trust as being for the benefit of a specific qualifying employee.

Further, during the year on 31 March 2020, Company had issued an offer to certain former and present employees holding Employee Stock Options (ESOPs) thereby providing them an option to transfer the equity shares on their behalf, for their benefit. Certain employees have provided their consent to transfer 388 equity shares in aggregate, to one of the shareholder of the Company, by exercising their options.

The contractual life (comprising the vesting period and the exercise period) of options granted under both schemes is 4 years. The schemes has 4 years of vesting schedule with various grant options viz, monthly, quarterly, half yearly, yearly and two yearly. There are no cash settlement alternatives.

Option can be exercised as per the vesting Schedule, upon grant of the Option and Compliance with term and condition, after option have been vested (but not expired/lapsed) for which no prior exercise has been made.

| Plan Name  | Vesting Period Start      | Vesting period | Exercise period | Vesting Frequency |
|--|---------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| Plan 1-Monthly vesting 0 Cliff                           | On Grant Date             | 4              | 5               | Monthly           |
| Plan 2-Monthly vesting 6 Months Cliff                    | Six Month from Grant Date | 4              | 5               | Monthly           |
| Plan 3-Half Yearly vesting 6 Months Cliff                | Six Month from Grant Date | 4              | 5               | Half Yearly       |
| Plan 4-Quarterly vesting 1 Year Cliff                    | One year from Grant Date  | 4              | 5               | Quarterly vesting |
| Plan 5-Quarterly vesting 1 Year Cliff                    | One year from Grant Date  | 4              | 5               | Quarterly vesting |
| Plan 6-Quarterly Vesting with 1 Year Cliff               | One year from Grant Date  | 4              | 5               | Quarterly Vesting |
| Plan 7-Yearly Vesting with 1 Year Cliff                  | One year from Grant Date  | 4              | 5               | Yearly Vesting    |
| Plan 8-Quarterly Vesting with 1 Year Cliff               | One year from Grant Date  | 4              | 5               | Quarterly Vesting |
| Plan 9-Quarterly Vesting with 1 Year Cliff               | One year from Grant Date  | 4              | 5               | Quarterly Vesting |
| Plan 10-Quarterly Vesting with 1 Year Cliff              | One year from Grant Date  | 4              | 5               | Quarterly Vesting |
| Plan 11-Quarterly Vesting with 1 Year Cliff              | One year from Grant Date  | 4              | 5               | Quarterly Vesting |
| Plan 12-Yearly Vesting with 1 Year Cliff                 | One year from Grant Date  | 4              | 5               | Yearly Vesting    |
| Plan 13-Quarterly Vesting with 1 year Cliff              | One year from Grant Date  | 4              | 5               | Quarterly Vesting |
| Plan 14-Quarterly Vesting with 1 year Cliff              | One year from Grant Date  | 4              | 5               | Quarterly Vesting |
| Plan 15-50% at end of 2nd year & rest at end of 3rd year | Two year from Grant Date  | 3              | 5               | Yearly Vesting    |
| Plan 16-Quarterly Vesting with 1 year Cliff              | One year from Grant Date  | 4              | 5               | Quarterly Vesting |
| Plan 17-Quarterly Vesting with 1 year Cliff              | One year from Grant Date  | 4              | 5               | Quarterly Vesting |
| Plan 18-Quarterly Vesting with 1 year Cliff              | One year from Grant Date  | 4              | 5               | Quarterly Vesting |
| Plan 19-Quarterly Vesting with 1 year Cliff              | One year from Grant Date  | 4              | 5               | Quarterly Vesting |
| Plan 20-Quarterly Vesting with 1 year Cliff              | One year from Grant Date  | 4              | 5               | Quarterly Vesting |
| Plan 21-Quarterly Vesting with 1 year Cliff              | One year from Grant Date  | 4              | 5               | Quarterly Vesting |

Plan 1-Monthly vesting 0 Cliff

| Particular                               | 31 March 20    | )20              | 31 March 2019  |                  |  |
|--|----------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|--|
|  | No. of options | Weighted Average | No. of options | Weighted Average |  |
| Outstanding at the beginning of the year | 401            | 10               | 411            | 10               |  |
| Granted during the year                  |                |                  |                |                  |  |
| Forfeited during the year                |                |                  |                |                  |  |
| Exercised during the year                |                |                  | 10             | 10               |  |
| Outstanding at the end of the year       | 401            | 10               | 401            | 10               |  |

Weighted average remaining contractual life Nil
Fair value of stock options INR 3

Plan 2-Monthly vesting 6 Months Cliff

| Particular                               | 31 March 20                         | 31 March 2019    |                |                  |
|--|-------------------------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|
|  | No. of options                      | Weighted Average | No. of options | Weighted Average |
| Outstanding at the beginning of the year | 2,551                               | 5,172            | 2,576          | 5,172            |
| Granted during the year                  |                                     |                  |                |                  |
| Forfeited during the year                | Bernelline (Usan) and the Alas Rasi |                  |                |                  |
| Exercised during the year                | 82                                  | 5,172            | 25             | 5,172            |
| Outstanding at the end of the year       | 2,469                               | 5,172            | 2,551          | 5,172            |

Weighted average remaining contractual life Nil
Fair value of stock options INR 765 to INR 859





(Amount in Indian Rupees Millions, unless stated otherwise)

### Plan 3-Half Yearly vesting 6 Months Cliff

| Particular                                  | 31 March 20    | 31 March 2019    |                |                  |
|---|----------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|
|   | No. of options | Weighted Average | No. of options | Weighted Average |
| Outstanding at the beginning of the year    | 27             | 5,172            | 28             | 5,172            |
| Granted during the year                     |                |                  |                |                  |
| Forfeited during the year                   |                |                  |                |                  |
| Exercised during the year                   |                |                  | 1              | 5,172            |
| Outstanding at the end of the year          | 27             | 5,172            | 27             | 5,172            |
| Weighted average remaining contractual life | Nil            |                  |                |                  |

Fair value of stock options

INR 782 to INR 853

| Particular                               | 31 March 20    | 31 March 2019                           |                |                  |
|--|----------------|---|----------------|------------------|
|  | No. of options | Weighted Average                        | No. of options | Weighted Average |
| Outstanding at the beginning of the year | 254            | 33,986                                  | 279            | 33,986           |
| Granted during the year                  | - 1            | - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 |                |                  |
| Forfeited during the year                | • 1            |   | . A            | •                |
| Exercised during the year                | 57             | 33,986                                  | 25             | 33,986           |
| Outstanding at the end of the year       | 197            | 33,986                                  | 254            | 33,986           |

Weighted average remaining contractual life Fair value of stock options

Nil INR 4,844 to INR 29,729

| Particular                               | 31 March 20   | 31 March 2019    |                |                  |
|--|---|------------------|----------------|------------------|
|  | No. of options  | Weighted Average | No. of options | Weighted Average |
| Outstanding at the beginning of the year | 71  | 50,000           | 74             | 50,000           |
| Granted during the year                  | Autoria de la compania del compania del compania de la compania del compania de la compania de la compania del compania de la compania de la compania de la compania de la compania del compania del compania del compania del compania del la compania del |                  |                |                  |
| Forfeited during the year                | • A   |                  |                |                  |
| Exercised during the year                | 23  | 50,000           | 3              | 50,000           |
| Outstanding at the end of the year       | 48  | 50,000           | 71             | 50,000           |

Weighted average remaining contractual life

INR 23,009 to INR 32,174

Fair value of stock options

Plan 6-Quarterly Vesting with 1 Year Cliff

|  | 31 March 20    | 31 March 2019                            |                |  |
|--|----------------|--|----------------|--|
| Particular                               | No. of options | Weighted Average<br>Exercise Price (INR) | No. of options | Weighted Average<br>Exercise Price (INR) |
| Outstanding at the beginning of the year | 4              | 1,09,620                                 | 9              | 1,09,620                                 |
| Granted during the year                  | =              |  | 9              | -  |
| Forfeited during the year                | -              | -  | •              | *  |
| Exercised during the year                | 0              | 1,09,620                                 | 5              | 1,09,620                                 |
| Outstanding at the end of the year       | 4              | 1.09.620                                 | 4              | 1.09.620                                 |

Weighted average remaining contractual life Fair value of stock options

Nil INR 13,803 to INR 16,210

| Plan 7-Yearly Vesting with 1 Year Cliff  | 31 March 2020  |  | 31 March 2019  |  |
|--|----------------|--|----------------|--|
| Particular                               | No. of options | Weighted Average<br>Exercise Price (INR) | No. of options | Weighted Average<br>Exercise Price (INR) |
| Outstanding at the beginning of the year | 23             | 1,09,620                                 | 26             | 1,09,620                                 |
| Granted during the year                  |                |  | 2.00           | •  |
| Forfeited during the year                |                |  | 1              | 1,09,620                                 |
| Exercised during the year                |                |  | 2              | 1,09,620                                 |
| Outstanding at the end of the year       | 23             | 1,09,620                                 | 23             | 1,09,620                                 |

Weighted average remaining contractual life

Fair value of stock options

INR 7,925 to INR 16,310

# Plan 8-Quarterly Vesting with 1 Year Cliff

|  | 31 March 2020  |  | 31 March 2019  |  |
|--|--|--|----------------|--|
| Particular                               | No. of options   | Weighted Average<br>Exercise Price (INR) | No. of options | Weighted Average<br>Exercise Price (INR) |
| Outstanding at the beginning of the year | 846  | 1,90,359                                 | 868            | 1,90,359                                 |
| Granted during the year                  |  |  |                |  |
| Forfeited during the year                | 1(a) 1(a |  | 4              | 1,90,359                                 |
| Exercised during the year                | 85   | 1,90,359                                 | 18             | 1,90,359                                 |
| Outstanding at the end of the year       | 761  | 1,90,359                                 | 846            | 1,90,359                                 |

Weighted average remaining contractual life Fair value of stock options

2 months INR 76,150 to INR 105,175

| CHIERRAN BARTON MARKATON CONTRACTOR STREET, DESCRIPTION OF THE | 31 March 2     | 31 March 2020                            |                | 31 March 2019                            |  |
|--|----------------|--|----------------|--|--|
| Particular   | No. of options | Weighted Average<br>Exercise Price (INR) | No. of options | Weighted Average<br>Exercise Price (INR) |  |
| Outstanding at the beginning of the year                       | 45             | 3,23,611                                 | 45             | 3,23,611                                 |  |
| Granted during the year  |                |  |                |  |  |
| Forfeited during the year                                      | 1              | 3,23,611                                 |                |  |  |
| Exercised during the year                                      | 13             | 3,23,611                                 | 0              | 3,23,611                                 |  |
| Outstanding at the end of the year                             | 32             | 3,23,611                                 | 45             | 3,23,611                                 |  |

Weighted average remaining contractual life

Fair value of stock options

INR 54,686 to INR 67,037





| Diam | 10 Quart | arly Martin | or with 1 | L Year Cliff |
|------|----------|-------------|-----------|--------------|
|      |          |             |           |              |

|  | 31 March 2020  |  | 31 March 2019  |  |
|--|----------------|--|----------------|--|
| Particular                               | No. of options | Weighted Average<br>Exercise Price (INR) | No. of options | Weighted Average<br>Exercise Price (INR) |
| Outstanding at the beginning of the year | 17             | 3,42,646                                 | 18             | 3,42,646                                 |
| Granted during the year                  | - 1            |  | -10            |  |
| Forfeited during the year                |                |  |                |  |
| Exercised during the year                | 3              | 3,42,646                                 | 1              | 3,42,646                                 |
| Outstanding at the end of the year       | 14             | 3,42,646                                 | 17             | 3,42,646                                 |

Weighted average remaining contractual life Fair value of stock options

INR 52,324 to INR 63,123

#### Plan 12-Quarterly Vesting with 1 Year Cliff

|  | 31 March 2020  |  | 31 March 2019  |  |
|--|----------------|--|----------------|--|
| Particular                               | No. of options | Weighted Average<br>Exercise Price (INR) | No. of options | Weighted Average<br>Exercise Price (INR) |
| Outstanding at the beginning of the year | 302            | 3,80,718                                 | 358            | 3,80,718                                 |
| Granted during the year                  |                |  | -              |  |
| Forfeited during the year                | 4              | 3,80,718                                 | 18             | 3,80,718                                 |
| Exercised during the year                | 55             | 3,80,718                                 | 38             | 3,80,718                                 |
| Outstanding at the end of the year       | 243            | 3,80,718                                 | 302            | 3,80,718                                 |

Weighted average remaining contractual life Fair value of stock options

INR 40,797 to INR 56,766

#### Plan 13-Yearly Vesting with 1 Year Cliff

|  | 31 March 2020                           |  | 31 March 2019  |  |
|--|---|--|----------------|--|
| Particular                               | No. of options                          | Weighted Average<br>Exercise Price (INR) | No. of options | Weighted Average<br>Exercise Price (INR) |
| Outstanding at the beginning of the year | 22                                      | 3,80,718                                 | 26             | 3,80,718                                 |
| Granted during the year                  | • |  |                | -  |
| Forfeited during the year                |   |  | 2              | 3,80,718                                 |
| Exercised during the year                |   | rana and an and an an an an an           | 2              | 3,80,718                                 |
| Outstanding at the end of the year       | 22                                      | 3,80,718                                 | 22             | 3,80,718                                 |

Weighted average remaining contractual life Fair value of stock options

INR 1,955 to INR 56,129

# Plan 14-Quarterly Vesting with 1 year Cliff

|  | 31 March 20    | 31 March 2020                            |                | 019                                      |
|--|----------------|--|----------------|--|
| Particular                               | No. of options | Weighted Average<br>Exercise Price (INR) | No. of options | Weighted Average<br>Exercise Price (INR) |
| Outstanding at the beginning of the year | 363            | 3,35,655                                 | 320            | 3,35,655                                 |
| Granted during the year                  | 63             | 3,35,655                                 | 63             | 3,35,655                                 |
| Forfeited during the year                | 47             | 3,35,655                                 | 6              | 3,35,655                                 |
| Exercised during the year                | 36             | 3,35,655                                 | 14             | 3,35,655                                 |
| Outstanding at the end of the year       | 343            | 3,35,655                                 | 363            | 3,35,655                                 |

Weighted average remaining contractual life Fair value of stock options

1 year 6 months

INR 47,365 to INR 91,072

### Plan 15-Quarterly Vesting with 1 year Cliff

|  | 31 March 2020  |  | 31 March 2019  |  |
|--|----------------|--|----------------|--|
| Particular                               | No. of options | Weighted Average<br>Exercise Price (INR) | No. of options | Weighted Average<br>Exercise Price (INR) |
| Outstanding at the beginning of the year | 2,833          | 3,94,888                                 | 797            | 3,94,888                                 |
| Granted during the year                  | 1              | 3,94,888                                 | 2,169          | 3,94,888                                 |
| Forfeited during the year                | 520            | 3,94,888                                 | 104            | 3,94,888                                 |
| Exercised during the year                | 18             | 3,94,888                                 | 29             | 3,94,888                                 |
| Outstanding at the end of the year       | 2,296          | 3,94,888                                 | 2,833          | 3,94,888                                 |

Weighted average remaining contractual life Fair value of stock options

1 Years 9 Months INR 35,926 to INR 761,637

# Plan 16 -50% at end of 2nd year & rest at end of 3rd year

|  | 31 March 20    | 31 March 2020                            |                | 31 March 2019                            |  |
|--|----------------|--|----------------|--|--|
| Particular                               | No. of options | Weighted Average<br>Exercise Price (INR) | No. of options | Weighted Average<br>Exercise Price (INR) |  |
| Outstanding at the beginning of the year | 3              | 3,80,718                                 | 3              | 3,80,718                                 |  |
| Granted during the year                  |                |  | - 10           |  |  |
| Forfeited during the year                |                |  |                |  |  |
| Exercised during the year                |                |  |                |  |  |
| Outstanding at the end of the year       | 3              | 3,80,718                                 | 3              | 3,80,718                                 |  |

Weighted average remaining contractual life Fair value of stock options

Nil INR 77,778 to INR 80,375



